

Transport Assessment					
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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Introduction

Vectio Consulting Limited has been appointed by the Eldonians to prepare a Transport Assessment to support a planning application for a proposed residential development on a site bound by Bond Street, Limekiln Lane, Bevington Street and Titchfield Street, in Liverpool. The site currently comprises of disused residential buildings and hardstanding.

The development proposals are to include 136 residential units, comprising of 45 one bedroom units, 85 two bedroom units and 6 three bedroom units. Access to the proposed development is to be served by two new driveways into forecourts on Limekiln Lane and Titchfield Street. Layby parking and driveway parking spaces are provided on all sides of the development. The site benefits from its city centre location and excellent sustainable accessibility.

The site location is illustrated in Figure 1.



Figure 1: Site Location Plan

This Transport Assessment has been based on the Department for Transport's (DfT), guidance document "Transport Evidence bases in plan making" dated 10th October 2014. However, where appropriate, guidance with the archived document Guidance on Transport Assessment (GTA) has been adopted along with advice provided by Liverpool City Council's Highway Development Control team.



1.2 Background and Scoping

This report assesses the transport impacts the proposed development will have on the adjacent public highway network, connectivity with its surroundings and assesses the development access arrangements.

The existing site comprises a row of period properties that have fallen into disrepair. These had been partitioned and were last used as apartments. Plate 1 provides a visual of the current condition of the units.



Plate 1: Photograph of the Former Use of the Site

As part of the development the former Grove building will be refurbished creating 45 apartments.

1.3 Scoping Discussions

Liverpool City Council is both the Local Planning Authority (LPA) and Local Highway Authority (LHA).

Discussions have been undertaken with Liverpool City Council Highway Authority to agree the scope and approach to be taken when preparing this report. Relevant correspondence is presented in Appendix A.

It is noted that the layout of the site has been developed by the applicant's architect in consultation with Liverpool City Council.

1.4 Report Structure

The remainder of this report is structured as follows:

- Section 2 presents details of the development proposals;
- Section 3 provides an overview of the planning and policy context within which this Transport Assessment is submitted;
- Section 4 presents details of the existing transport considerations that prevail in the area of the development site;
- Section 5 presents a highway network audit;
- Section 6 reviews the sustainable accessibility to the site for all road users;
- Section 7 discussed Travel forecasts associated with the proposed development and the estimated impacts;
- Section 8 discusses a parking assessment in terms of supply and demand;
- An assessment of historic accident data adjacent to the site is undertaken in Section 9;
- The proposed measures recommended to be implemented based upon the findings of this Transport Assessment are listed in section 10; and,
- The Summary and conclusions of the assessment are presented in Section 11.



2 DEVELOPMENT PROPOSALS

2.1 Site Location

The site currently comprises disused buildings and hardstanding set within approximately 0.80 hectares of land. The site is bound by Bond Street to the north, Titchfield Street to the west, Limekiln Lane to the east and Bevington Street to the south. The site is located approximately 2 miles north of Liverpool City Centre. The A59 dual carriageway is located to the south and east of the site providing access across Liverpool and the surrounding transport links.

2.2 Development Composition

The site includes 136 residential units, comprising of 45 one bedroom units, 85 two bedroom units and 6 three bedroom units.





Figure 2: Proposed Development Layout

2.1 Proposed Site Access

Vehicular access penetrating into the site will be provided off Limekiln Lane to the east and Titchfield Street to the west. Pedestrian access will be via all surrounding streets although access will be gated with entry controlled by ID passes or similar. Parking facilities such a driveway or layby parking is proposed on all boundaries to the site. Each access is discussed in greater detail in the following subsections.



2.1.1 VEHICULAR ACCESS

Bond Street – Twenty-two parking spaces are proposed adjacent to the residential blocks on Bond Street in the form of driveway parking. The driveways will be formed by a vehicular crossover as the pedestrian footway will segregate them from Bond Street carriageway.

Limekiln Lane – Seven parking spaces are proposed to the northern end of the site in the form of driveway parking. Access to a gated courtyard is also proposed. This is to be formed by a kerbed formal junction arrangement with a 4.8 m wide internal carriageway width. The gates are to be set back from the edge of the Limekiln Lane carriageway to enable a vehicle to stand clear of the mainline carriageway whilst the gates open inwards. The courtyard is to comprise 8 parking spaces as illustrated in Figure 2. Swept path analysis has been undertaken to illustrate the safe operation of vehicles entering, turning and exiting the courtyard in a forward gear. The tracking drawings are presented in Appendix C.

Bevington Street – Chevron parking is proposed on the eastern and western frontages of the site on Bevington Street. There are 20 parking spaces proposed along Bevington Street. The orientation of the parking is such that vehicles will pass the spaces and reverse into them, allowing the vehicles to exiting in a forward gear with improved visibility in line with industry best practice.

Titchfield Street – Six parking spaces are proposed to the southern end of the site in the form of driveway parking. Access to a gated courtyard is also proposed. This is to be formed by a kerbed formal junction arrangement with a 4.8 m wide internal carriageway width. The gates are to be set back from the edge of the Titchfield Street carriageway to enable a vehicle to stand clear of the mainline carriageway whilst the gates open inwards. The courtyard is to comprise 12 parking spaces as illustrated in Figure 2. A further 4 layby parking spaces are to be provided along the northern frontage of Titchfield Street. Swept path analysis has been undertaken to illustrate the safe operation of vehicles entering, turning and exiting the courtyard in a forward gear. The tracking drawings are presented in Appendix C.

2.1.2 SERVICING ARRANGEMENTS

Access for refuse collection and service/delivery vehicles will be made from the roads fronting the development. The site is not located on a through route and as such this should not impact the safe operation of the adjacent road network.

2.1.3 PEDESTRIAN ACCESS

Pedestrian access to the site will be available via all four roads surrounding the site. Pedestrian access points into the site will be gated with security fob/code access for residents.

An audit of the surrounding Highway and likely desire lines has been undertaken to appraise the level of facilities / infrastructure currently available. This audit has allowed key desire lines to be identified and deficiencies in infrastructure to be highlighted associated with the proposed developments pedestrian desire lines. A copy of the audit is presented in Appendix D. This exercise has highlighted the need to provide the following off site pedestrian infrastructure to facilitate the proposed development.

- New uncontrolled crossing with tactile paving across:
 - o O'Connell Road with its junction at Titchfield Street;
 - \circ $\;$ Gildarts Gardens with its junction at Titchfield Street $\;$
 - Bond Street with its junction at Titchfield Street;
 - On the corner of Summer Seat and Limekiln Lane;
 - o Across all arms of the Titchfield Street / Burlington Street junction; and,
 - Across Limekiln Lane, south of Burlington Street.
- Realign existing tactile paving at the Bevington Street / Titchfield junction; and,



• Installation of two new bus shelters on Burlington Street.

2.1.4 CYCLE ACCESS

As part of the proposed development a new Citybike hub is proposed on the south western corner of the site on Titchfield Street and Bevington Street. This is proposed to house in the order of 10 bicycles and will be accessed from the existing road network. Cycle access will also be provided via all main pedestrian access points with direct links to internal cycle storage areas. The routes for cyclists entering the site along with locations for cycle parking are indicative illustrated in Figure 3.



Figure 3: Cycle Access Routes and Storage Locations

2.2 Preliminary Construction Traffic Management Plan

The estimated transport impacts during the site construction stages are relatively unknown at this time. Given this, a construction plan to cover the build out period for the site has not been developed.

It is recommended that a suitable construction traffic management plan is in place prior to site construction and agreed with the LHA. This plan will be required in order to minimise traffic travelling through the existing area and limiting the effective operation of the public highway network. It is considered that a suitable planning condition could be prepared to support a planning permission to ensure this is implemented.



3 PLANNING AND POLICY CONTEXT

3.1 Planning Policy Context

3.1.1 NATIONAL POLICY – NATIONAL POLICY FRAMEWORK (MARCH 2013)

The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) replaced PPG13 in March 2012 and covers the current national policy for promoting sustainable transport. Within this document, it is stated that *"developments should be located and designed where practical to:*

- accommodate the efficient delivery of goods and supplies;
- give priority to pedestrian and cycle movements, and have access to high quality public transport facilities;
- create safe and secure layouts which minimise conflicts between traffic and cyclists or pedestrians, avoiding street clutter and where appropriate establishing home zones;
- incorporate facilities for charging plug-in and other ultra-low emission vehicles; and,
- consider the needs of people with disabilities by all modes of transport."

NPPF also states that "Planning policies should aim for a balance of land uses within their area so that people can be encouraged to minimise journey lengths for employment, shopping, leisure, education and other activities."

The preparation of a Transport Assessment in support of a proposed development is also identified as a key document in encouraging the use of more sustainable modes of transport. Developments should only be prevented or refused on transport grounds where the residual cumulative impacts of development are severe.

On larger scale developments, NPPF recommends that planning policies should promote a mix of uses to provide opportunities for day to day activities to be carried out on foot, e.g. local shops and employment.

While the NPPF is the current policy document, it is recognised that there are some gaps in the guidance provided. In such cases, the information contained within PPG13 is used as a sound basis for assessment.

3.1.2 DFT "TRANSPORT EVIDENCE BASES IN PLAN MAKING" DATED 10TH OCTOBER 2014

In October 2014, the former DfT's Guidance document: "Guidance on Transport Assessments" was archived and new guidance provided. Paragraph 32 of the National Planning Policy Framework sets out that all developments that generate significant amounts of transport movement should be supported by a Transport Assessment.

The new guidance considers that Local Planning Authorities must make a judgement as to whether a development proposal would generate significant amounts of movement on a case by case basis.

In determining whether a Transport Assessment will be needed for a proposed development Local Planning Authorities consider the following listed overleaf:



- Local Plan Policies;
- the scale of the proposed development;
- existing intensity of transport use and the availability of public transport;
- proximity to nearby environmental designations or sensitive areas;
- impact on other priorities/ strategies; and,
- the cumulative impacts of multiple developments within a particular area;

To ensure the proposed approach adopted by this assessment aligned with this guidance, a scoping report was prepared and submitted to Liverpool City Council, acting as Local Highway Authority, to confirm the intended approach. Comments were received from the LHA on the 20th November 2015. The associated scoping correspondence is presented in Appendix A.

3.1.3 DFT GUIDANCE ON TRANSPORT ASSESSMENTS (ARCHIVED)

The Department for Transport document "Guidance on Transport Assessments", published in March 2007, expanded on the scope of the guidance available at that time to include the assessment of the potential implications of development proposals on the entire transport system. This includes the public transport system (buses, rail, and trams), the Strategic Road Network (SRN), local highways and footways.

The guidance dictates that the following considerations will be relevant to this Transport Assessment:

3.1.3.1 Encouraging environmental sustainability

- Reducing the need to travel, especially by car reducing the need for travel, reducing the length of trips and promoting multi-purpose or linked trips by promoting more sustainable patterns of development and more sustainable communities that reduce the physical separation of key land uses;
- Tackling the environmental impact of travel by improving sustainable transport choices, and by making it safer and easier for people to access jobs, shopping and leisure facilities and services by public transport, walking and cycling;
- The accessibility of the location the extent to which a site is, or is capable of becoming, accessible by non-car modes, particularly for large developments that involve major generators of travel demand;
- Other measures which may assist in influencing travel behaviour (ITB) achieving reductions in car usage (particularly single occupancy vehicles), by measures such as car sharing/pooling, high occupancy vehicle (HOV) lanes and parking control.

3.1.3.2 Managing the existing network

- Making best possible use of existing transport infrastructure for instance by low-cost improvements to the local public transport network and using advanced signal control systems, public transport priority measures (bus lanes), or other forms of Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS) to improve operations on the network;
- Managing access to the highway network taking steps to maximise the extent to which the development can be made to "fit" within available capacity by managing access from developments onto the highway network;



3.1.3.3 Mitigating residual impacts

- Through demand management using traffic control measures across a wide network to regulate flows;
- Through improvements to the local public transport network, and walking and cycling facilities for example by extending bus routes and increasing bus frequencies and designing sites to facilitate walking and cycling;
- Through minor physical improvements to existing roads it may be possible ion some circumstances, to improve the capacity of existing roads by relatively minor physical adjustments such as improving the geometry of junctions etc. within the existing highway boundary;
- Through provision of new or expanded roads it is considered good transport planning practice to demonstrate that the other opportunities have been fully explored before considering the provision of additional road space, such as new roads and major junction upgrades.

3.1.4 MERSEYSIDE LOCAL TRAVEL PLAN 3 (LTP3) 2011 - 2026

The Merseyside current Local Travel Plan (LTP3) 2011-2026 outlines the transport related policies covering the 15-year period. It is likely that the detailed planning of this development will fall within this plan period and therefore makes reference to the current local policy documents.

The vision of the Merseyside LTP3 is:

"A city region committed to a low carbon future, which has a transport network and mobility culture that positively contributes to a thriving economy and the health and wellbeing of its citizens and where sustainable travel is the option of choice".

To achieve this the LTP3 has identified 6 goals:

- Help create the right conditions for sustainable economic growth by supporting the priorities of the Liverpool City Region, the Local Enterprise Partnership and the Local Strategic Partnerships.
- Provide and promote a clean, low emission transport system which is resilient to changes to climate and oil availability.
- Ensure the transport system promotes and enables improved health and wellbeing and road safety.
- Ensure equality of travel opportunity for all, through a transport system that allows people to connect easily with employment, education, healthcare, other essential services and leisure and recreational opportunities.
- Ensure the transport network supports the economic success of the city region by the efficient movement of people and goods.
- Maintain our assets to a high standard.



4 EXISTING TRANSPORT CONDITIONS

4.1 Introduction

This section provides an appraisal of the existing site conditions including:

- Existing site information describing the current physical infrastructure and characteristics of the site and its surroundings;
- Baseline transport data background transport data and current transport infrastructure details.

Section 6 provides an audit of the existing non-motorised user routes and infrastructure within a 300m radius of the proposed site development measured from the centre of the site.

4.2 Existing Site Information

The site is located to the north of Liverpool City centre and south of Vauxhall centre. The location of the site in conjunction to the highway network is presented in Figure 4.



Figure 4: Highway Network & Adjacent Highway Ownership

4.3 Road Network

More detail of the surrounding highway network is discussed in Section 5 of this report, where a network infrastructure audit is presented.



4.4 Public Transport

4.4.1 BUSES

The prime operators of buses in the area are Arriva Bus, Cumfy Bus and Huyton Travel, serving the local area with services between Anfield, Moss Side, Belmont Road, Princes Park, Liverpool and Thornton, and other surrounding suburbs.

The position of existing bus stops adjacent to the site are shown in Figure 5. It can be seen that the site is well served by buses along Vauxhall Road and Burlington Street. The Chartered Institution of Highways and Transportation's (CIHT) "Planning for Public Transport in Developments" states that *"new developments should be located so that the public transport trips involve a walking distance of less than 400 m from the nearest bus stop"*.

The walking distance from the centre of the residential development to the bus stops on the Vauxhall Road is approximately 300 m and on Burlington Street 230 m. Therefore, access to the bus stops are considered to be within this guidance target.



Figure 5: Existing Bus Stop Locations

Referring to existing timetable and route information, the services that could potentially serve the proposed development site are detailed in Table 1.





Service Number	Route	Areas served	Frequency (Mon-Sun, daytime)	Operator
101	Princes Parade –	Princes Parade, Barmouth Way, Burlington	Approx every 30	Cumfy
	Royal Liverpool	Street, Queen Square Bus Station, Great	mins	Bus
	Hospital	Homer Street, Breck Road, Royal Liverpool		
		Hospital		
30	Maghull - Liverpool -	Maghull Ashworth Hospital, Maghull	Varies approx	Huyton
	Dingle	Merseyrail Station, Liverpool Road South,	every 60 mins	Travel
		Old Roan Interchange, Magdalene Square,	Monday –	
		Aintree Merseyrail Station, Warbreck Moor,	Saturday	
		Country Road, Boundary Street, Queen	evenings only	
		Square Bus Station, Liverpool ONE Bus	and every 60	
		Station, Dingle Ullet Road	Sunday's and	
			Bank Holidays	
30A	Maghull - Liverpool -	Maghull Ashworth Hospital, Dodds Lane,	Varies approx	Huyton
	Dingle	Liverpool Road South, Aintree Merseyrail	every 60 mins	Travel
		Station, Warbreck Moor, Country Road,	Monday –	
		Boundary Street, Queen Square Bus Station,	Saturday	
		Liverpool ONE Bus Station, Dingle Ullet Road	evenings only	
			and every 60	
			Sunday's and	
			Bank Holidays	
54	Thornton to Liverpool	Liverpool Victoria Street, Liverpool Sir	Approx every 30	Arriva
	via Crosby and Bootle	Thomas Street, Kirkdale Commercial Road,	mins	Bus
		Bootle Knowsley Road, Seaforth Durham		
		Road, Great Crosby Village Hall, Chesterfield		
		Road, Thornton Lydlate Lane		

Table 1: Summary of Existing Bus Services

Based on the bus route information identified, it is considered that the existing bus services are very good.

4.4.2 RAIL

The closest railway station to the site is Moorfields station, which lies some 1.5 km to the south of the site. The station is operated by Merseyrail and has services to West Kirby, Kirkby, Chester, Southport, Ormskirk, New Brighton and Ellesmere Port.

The nearest major railway station is Liverpool Lime Street station located 2.23 km (20 minutes' walk) to the south in Liverpool City Centre. The station has services provided by East Midlands Trains, Northern, London Midland, TransPennine Express and Virgin Trains providing services throughout UK.

These stations are considered to be accessible by residents of the site and therefore rail services are a likely mode of transport.

5 HIGHWAY NETWORK AUDIT

5.1 Scope

A local highway network audit was carried out on Friday 22nd January 2016. The purpose of the audit was to assess the suitability of the existing route infrastructure / facilities available for use by non-motorised road users and also to appraise the parking facilities within a 300 m radius of the proposed development.

The extent of the audit is presented in Figure 6, approximately formed by the blue line boundary.



Figure 6: Highway Audit Extent

The full audit findings are presented in Appendix D.



6 SUSTAINABLE ACCESSIBILITY – VULNERABLE ROAD USERS

This section undertakes a review of sustainable accessibility to the proposed site, including current infrastructure, a MASA assessment in line with Liverpool City Councils SPD and highlights measures to be put in place to benefit vulnerable road users.

6.1 MASA Assessment

As discussed with Liverpool City Councils Highway Development Control team, a review of Liverpool Councils Supplementary Planning Document "Ensuring a Choice of Travel" has been undertaken.

This SPG incudes a questionnaire that is required to be completed by applicants to identify the level of accessibility and facilities that serve potential developments and highlights areas / infrastructure that will need to be provided / enhanced.

A summary of the MASA results is provided in Table 2 whilst the fully completed questionnaire is presented in Appendix E.

Access Mode	Minimum Score required	Score Achieved	Comments		
			The site is located within approximately 500 m of the Great Homer Street District Area to the north east of the site.		
			The location of the site is already in an established residential area with education, retail, leisure and health services / facilities nearby.		
			As part of the development it is proposed to install new pedestrian crossings across at:		
Access on			 O'Connell Road with its junction at Titchfield Street; 		
Foot	4	4	 Gildarts Gardens with its junction at Titchfield Street 		
			 On the corner of Summer Sect and Limekiln Lane; 		
			• Across all arms of the Titchfield Street / Burlington Street		
			junction; and,		
			 Across Limekiln Lane, south of Burlington Street. 		
			In addition, the realignment of the existing tactile paving at the		
			Bevington Street / Titchfield junction is proposed.		
Access by	5		As part of the development scheme a new Citybike Hub is proposed		
Bicycle		5	to benefit both the new residents and the existing residents living in		
,			the surrounding streets.		
Access by			The upgraded pedestrian facilities will provide a direct link to the		
Public	5	5	adjacent bus stops on Vauxhall Road and Burlington Street. In		
Transport			addition, it is proposed to install two new bus shelters on Burlington		
			Formal vehicle parking has been provided to accommodate 70		
Vahisla			vehicles 6% of these will be allocated for disabled use. An audit of		
Access &	k 1	3	the local area has identified sufficient available capacity for on street		
Parking			parking within 400 m of the site to ensure an overall provision of 136		
			spaces are easily available.		

Table 2: MASA Assessment Summary

The results of the MASA assessment indicate that the site achieves or surpasses the minimum score once all proposed measures detailed in this report are implemented.



6.2 Measures to Create a Better Environment for Pedestrians

The Chartered Institution of Highways and Transportation (CIHT) in their document 'Guidelines for Providing for Journeys on Foot, 2000' state that "walking accounts for over a quarter of all journeys and four fifths of journeys less than one mile". It is generally considered that people are prepared to walk up to 2km (1.24 miles) to and from work, given suitable walking routes and facilities.

When assessing the accessibility of a site for pedestrians, and the proximity of local facilities, an average walking speed of 1.4 m/s can be assumed, which equates to approximately 400 metres in 5 minutes, or 3 mph. This document also contains a table of suggested walking distances for different purposes. Table 3 recreates this table.

	Town Centre (m)	Commuting School (m)	Elsewhere (m)
Desirable	200	500	400
Acceptable	400	1000	800
Maximum	800	2000	1200

Table 3: Extract from IHT	Guidelines for Prov	viding for Journe	vs on Foot. 2000
	Guidelines for fire	Juling for Journe	, <u></u>

The 800 metre and 2km walking distances shown in Table 4 demonstrate that there is a plethora of key facilities within an acceptable walking distance of the site. Figure 7 illustrates the 400 m and 2km walking distances, measured from the centre of the site.



Figure 7: Walking Isochrone

Based on the isochrones detailed in Figure 7, it can be seen that the following key features lie within 2km (crow flies) of the site: These facilities, and their distance from the site, are listed in Table 4.



Destination	Distance (metres)	Time (minutes)
Bus Stop (Vauxhall Road)	300	3.6
Bus Stop (Burlington Street)	230	2.7
Vauxhall Health Centre	215	2.6
Kingsway Pharmacy	137	1.6
Spar local convenience store	737	8.8
Moorfields Station	1002	11.9
Liverpool Lime Street Station	1250	14.9
James Parsons Building Liverpool John Moores	700	8.3
St John's Shopping Centre	1250	14.9
Saint Johns Church	812	9.7

Table 4: Walking Distances to Local Facilities

People need encouragement and incentives to make journeys on foot, in the form of suitable routes. Walking routes should feel safe, have good surfacing and be direct.

The topography of the area will be conducive to walking journeys. It will however be important to provide pedestrian facilities that maximise local trips as far as possible to allow residents to make informed route choices.

6.3 Measures to Create a Better Environment for Cyclists

It is generally considered that a distance of 5km (3 miles) represents a reasonable cycling distance to and from work, while 8km (5 miles) is a maximum realistic range for cycle trips. Figure 8 illustrates cycling isochrones (crow-flies) taken as distances from the centre of the site.



Figure 8: Cycling Isochrone



Based on the isochrones shown in Figure 8, it can be seen, for example, that the following key features lie within 5km of the site:

- Liverpool Central Station;
- Liverpool Lime Street Station;
- Royal Liverpool University Hospital;
- Liverpool Cathedral;
- Wavertree Botanic Gardens;
- Newsham Park;
- Rupert Lane Recreation Ground;
- Stanley Park; and,
- Anfield Cemetry.

6.3.1 SUSTRANS

An extract from the Sustrans website is presented in Figure 9 which illustrates Liverpool's cycling routes.



Figure 9: Area Wide Cycling Network (Sustrans)

The purple coloured routes shown in Figure 9 are on road routes that are not part of the National Cycle Network. The green coloured route are traffic free routes. It highlighted that one of the local cycle routes runs along Titchfield Street, forming the western boundary of the site.

As with walking, the topography of the local area should prove conducive to cycle journeys. It will still be important to provide cycle facilities that capture this opportunity as far as possible. As part of the development it is proposed to install a new Citybike hub on the south eastern corner of the site on Titchfield Street, which is located on one of the local cycle routes.



7 IMPACT ASSESSMENT

The purpose of this section is to gain an appreciation of the vehicular and non-motorised user trips that are likely to be generated by the proposed development and estimate the likely impact these trips will create. This has been used to inform the proposals in providing enhanced facilities adjacent to the site.

7.1 Vehicle Traffic Impact

7.1.1 VEHICLE TRIP GENERATIONS

Multi modal trip generations have been estimated using the TRICS database based on the following criteria:

- C3 Residential Flats Privately Owned;
- Sites only in England;
- Number of units 25 to 154;
- 85th percentile weekday trip rates;
- Locations: Edge of Town Centre & Suburban Area;
- Period between 2007 and 2014; and,
- 17 data sets obtained.

The full TRICS reports are presented in Appendix F, whilst the adopted trip generations are summarised in Table 5.

Table 5: Vehicle Trip Generations (Based on 136 Residential Flats)

Land Use	Period	Arr	Dept	Total	Period	Arr	Dept	Total
C3 Residential Flats, Trip Rates (85 th Percentile)	AM	0.047	0.341	0.388	PM	0.341	0.091	0.432
C3 Residential Flats, Trip Generations	Peak	6	46	53	Peak	46	12	59

To confirm the robustness of the 85th percentile rates, as discussed in the TRICS good practice guide, a mean/median cross testing exercise has been undertaken. This exercise has identified a variance of 1.4% during the AM peak hour and 2.9% during the PM peak hour and as such the trip rates are considered not to have significant "weighting" factor that affect the data's basic level of robustness, and therefore are suitable for the calculations within this report.

The trip generation calculations estimate that 53 two way trips will be generated during the AM peak hour and 59 during the PM peak hour. It is highlighted that these are 85th percentile trip rates and therefore represent a worst case higher level of trips.

7.1.2 VEHICLE TRIP DISTRIBUTION

To distribute the development traffic on the highway network a simple gravity model has been prepared adopting a population over travel time squared function associated with the surrounding wards within Liverpool. Google Maps and analytics have been adopted to gain peak hour travel time information whilst census 2011 data has been used to obtain ward populations. A copy of the gravity model is presented in Appendix G whilst the distribution diagrams are presented in Appendix H.



7.1.3 VEHICLE TRIP ASSIGNMENT

Based on the trip generations calculated in Section 7.1.1 and traffic distribution estimates detailed in Section 7.1.2, development traffic has been assigned on the highway network. The peak hour assignment diagrams are presented in Appendix I.

7.1.4 VEHICLE IMPACT ASSESSMENT

An assessment has been undertaken to determine the level of traffic impact the proposed development has been estimated to create on the surrounding road network associated with the following junctions:

- Burlington Street / B5038;
- Eldon Street / B5038;
- Burlington Street / Titchfield Street;
- Burlington Street / Limekiln Lane; and,
- Limekiln Lane / Silvester Street.

During scoping discussions with Liverpool City Councils Highway Department, it was confirmed that a material traffic impact at any one junction would be classified as an increase in development vehicle trips in excess of 30 two way trips. Specifically, this was to focus on the Eldon Street and the Burlington Street junctions with the B5038.

Based on the trip assignment estimates undertaken in Section 7.1.3, the increase in trips at each of these junction has been calculated. The results of this exercise are presented in Table 6.

Table 6: Traffic Impact Assessment

Junction	Total AM peak Two	Total PM peak Two	
	Way Flow (vehicles)	Way Flow (vehicles)	
Burlington Street / B5038	8	9	
Eldon Street / B5038	20	21	
Burlington Street / Titchfield Street	8	9	
Burlington Street / Limekiln Lane	25	28	
Limekiln Lane / Silvester Street	25	28	

The result in Table 6 indicate that no junctions will be materially impacted by the proposed development.

It is appreciated that traffic traveling to the north along Limekiln Lane is close to the 30 two-way vehicle trip threshold. It is also noted that the assessment does not take account of the existing units that occupied the site and as such the net impact of the proposed development would be less than detailed in Table 6.

7.2 Person Trip Generations

Multi modal person trip generations that the site would generate have been estimated based on 'Average' trip generation rates from the TRICS database. Based on a site comprising 136 flats, trip generations associated with all movements, public transport, walking and cycling have been estimated. These estimates are presented in Table 7.



	Arrival Trips				Departure Trips				Total	Trips		
Period	Person	Public Transport	Pedestrian	Cyclist	Person	Public Transport	Pedestrian	Cyclist	Person	Public Transport	Pedestrian	Cyclist
0500-0600	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0600-0700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0700-0800	8	0	2	0	38	5	8	1	46	5	10	1
0800-0900	15	0	3	0	65	8	12	1	80	9	15	1
0900-1000	16	0	4	1	28	2	8	1	44	2	12	1
1000-1100	23	0	6	0	27	1	6	1	50	1	12	1
1100-1200	21	0	6	1	26	1	8	1	47	1	13	1
1200-1300	27	1	8	1	28	1	9	1	55	1	17	1
1300-1400	26	1	6	1	27	1	5	1	52	2	12	2
1400-1500	22	1	5	1	28	0	7	1	51	1	12	1
1500-1600	36	2	9	1	23	0	6	1	59	2	15	2
1600-1700	39	4	12	1	24	1	7	1	63	4	18	2
1700-1800	58	4	13	1	29	0	7	0	87	4	20	1
1800-1900	44	3	9	1	26	0	6	0	69	3	15	1
1900-2000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2000-2100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2100-2200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	336	16	83	8	368	20	89	9	703	36	172	16

Table 7: Multi Modal Trip Generation Estimates (Proposed Development)

The TRICS data provides an indication of walking, cycling and public transport trips throughout the day estimating:

There will be in the order of 172 walking, 16 cycling and 36 public transport trips per weekday. Peak hourly generations for pedestrian movements will be between 8am to 9am and 3pm to 7pm (max 87 peak hour trips); between 1pm and 5pm for cyclists (max 2 peak hour trips); and between 8am to 9am and 4pm to 6pm for public transport users (max 9 peak hour trips).

7.3 Trip Desire Lines

During a site visit undertaken on Friday 22nd January 2016 a visual review of the general footfall adjacent to the site was observed. This review included the extent of highway defined in Section 5 of this report. It is expected that the main destinations associated with occupants of the proposed development will be toward the bus stops on Burlington Street, the local district centre to the north east along Limekiln Lane and bus stops and local facilities on the A5038 Vauxhall Road. The location of these site, in proximity of the proposed development, are illustrated in Figure 10.





(Mapping Source: Google/maps)

Figure 10: Location of Facilities in Proximity to the Proposed Development

The observed footfall desire lines, and the proposals associated with the findings of this report, have focussed on the routes illustrated in Figure 11.



Figure 11: Anticipated Pedestrian Desire Lines



7.4 Pedestrian Impact and Improvement Measures

The trip generation estimates, detailed in Table 7, provide an indication of the level of pedestrian movements during weekdays. This assessment estimated that there would be an approximate peak of 172 two way pedestrian movements per day. The highway audit undertaken discussed in Section 5 highlighted the infrastructure available on the desire line routes.

In determining the suitability of the desire lines routes, and where suitable infrastructure was available, the audit was reviewed and deficiencies in infrastructure requiring mitigation to accommodate the proposed development were identified and recommended for improvement.

These routes and deficiencies are listed in Table 8.

Junction / Link	Estimated peak footfall (indicative - per weekday)	Deficiency	Measure	
O'Connell Road / Titchfield Street Junction	23	Lack of uncontrolled crossing and tactile paving across minor arm	Install new uncontrolled crossing with tactile paving across minor arm	
Gildarts Gardens / Titchfield Street Junction	23	Lack of uncontrolled crossing and tactile paving across minor arm	Install new uncontrolled crossing with tactile paving across minor arm	
Bond Street / Titchfield Street Junction	23	Lack of uncontrolled crossing and tactile paving across minor arm	Install new uncontrolled crossing with tactile paving across minor arm	
Titchfield Street / Burlington Street Junction	43	Lack of uncontrolled crossing and tactile paving at the junction	Install new uncontrolled crossing with tactile paving across minor arm	
Bevington Street / Titchfield Street Junction	23	Poor alignment of tactile paving	Realign uncontrolled crossing and tactile paving	
Burlington Street / Walsh Close Junction	0	Lack of uncontrolled crossing and tactile paving across minor arm	Not applicable, not in development pedestrian desire line	
Burlington Street / Tobin Close Junction	0	Lack of uncontrolled crossing and tactile paving across minor arm	Not applicable, not in development pedestrian desire line	
Burlington Street / Diamond Street Junction	0	Lack of uncontrolled crossing and tactile paving across minor arm	Not applicable, not in development pedestrian desire line	

Table 0. I caestilan noute Denciencies and necommended measures

The location of the proposed infrastructure is presented on a plan in Appendix J.



8 PARKING ASSESSMENT

This section considers the parking demand for various modes of transport associate with the proposed development along with identifying off site provision where applicable.

8.1 Vehicular Parking Demand

The required level of parking supply has been based on Liverpool City Councils document "Ensuring a Choice of Travel SPD". This document advises that for out of town development, parking provision of one space per unit should be made. The proposed masterplan for the site includes 79 parking spaces formed by internal courtyards, driveways and laybys.

Given that the site comprises 136 units, the SPD guidance recommends a minimum of 136 space. Therefore, the current onsite provision falls short by 57 space.

An assessment of available on carriageway parking within a 300 m zone of the development has been undertake to determine whether this level of parking could be facilitated on the surrounding streets. A plan showing the results of the assessment is provided in Figure 12 whereby parking availability is shown by a greens line.



Figure 12: Existing Parking Demand Audit Findings

Of the area audited, it was found that approximately 10% of the available on street parking was occupied by either vehicles or infrastructure such as bus stops. Areas marked in red were either restricted by the location of multiple driveways or where the road carriageway would not be wide enough to allow vehicles to park on both sides of the road.

The length of available parking, shown in green in Figure 12, has been calculated to be approximately 1,500 m. Assuming a length of 6.5 m being required per car, this would provide sufficient parking provision for 230 cars parking within 300 m of the proposed development, with an observed availability of approximately 200 spaces.

Given the shortfall of 57 parking spaces, this spare on street capacity is considered to sufficiently facilitate the expected parking demand of the development.



It is therefore considered that there is sufficient parking both on site and within the surrounding streets to serve the proposed development.

Given the developments location, close to the local district centre, health facilities and schools, it is possible to attract an increase in modes other than the private car, as such measures have been recommended within this report to upgrade pedestrian route infrastructure and enhance cycle facilities to maximise the use of these alternative modes.

8.2 Cycle Parking

A review of Liverpool City Councils SPD has been undertaken to identify the recommended level of cycle parking that the proposed development should provide. This document recommends that 1 secure space should be provided for every 1 flat, plus 1 visitor cycle stand per 10 units.

Discussions have been held with the LPA and agreement met in so far as all ground floor units (32no.) can store cycles within them. In addition, as a Citybike hub to house 10 cycles is proposed then the cycle parking ration could be reduced. Therefore, it has been proposed to provide 1 space per two units and 10% for visitors equating to 75 spaces.

Considering the estimated cycling trip identified in section 7.2 of this report, whereby the weekday cycle trip estimate was found to be 16 movements (based on an average trip rate associated with similar development throughout the county from the TRICS database), this level of provision would seem appropriate.

The locations and provision of cycle parking will be as follows:

- Ground floor apartments: 32no.;
- External secure sheltered parking 43no. across 2 locations; and,
- 10 new Citybikes.

It is considered that by installing a Citybike hub, this will provide more encouragement for the occupants to take up cycling as a form of transport along with providing the flexibility of choice.

To ensure residents consider the use of the Citybike facilities, it is recommended that a taster session for each unit be funded by the developer.

8.3 Refuse Collection and Delivery Vehicles

8.3.1 REFUSE COLLECTION

Refuse collection will be made via the streets surrounding the development. All refuse will be collected on a weekly basis.

As part of the development proposals it is recommended that a servicing management plan, associated with the development, is created and maintained to ensure that possible impacts are managed and do not become detrimental to the safety of other highway users.

An outline of measures that would be included in such a plan are detailed below:

- Collections will be arranged and prioritised for efficiency and to avoid duplication with other goods deliveries. This will be ultimately coordinated by the building management;
- Waste generation calculations will be undertaken in accordance with BS 5906;2005;
- Appropriate signage will be installed in bin areas. This will ensure refuse management and recycling is promoted at source;
- Capacity for recycling provision of at least 50% of the total waste will be provided for where possible;



- Residents will be informed of the waste and recycling strategy on moving into the residence via an information pack;
- The refuse and recycling facilities will encourage residents to dispose of their refuse responsibly and to recycle as much of their household waste as possible; and,
- Site management staff will review any assistance that may be needed for disabled occupants. Capacity will be made for contingent events such as snow or strike by collection companies.

8.3.2 DELIVERY VEHICLES

Delivery vehicles are expected to park within the adjacent streets to service the development.



9 ACCIDENT ANALYSIS

9.1 Personal Injury Accident Data Analysis

The most recent 3-year accident data was requested from Liverpool City Council, the extent of which being illustrated in the blue line area shown in Figure 13.



Figure 13: Extent of Accident Data and Collision Assessment

Over a period between 2013 and 2015, 2 slight and 1 serious accidents were recorded. No accidents were recorded on the local roads surrounding the site, with all 3 being recorded on Vauxhall Road. None of the accidents were recorded as fatal. None of the accidents occurred within the immediate vicinity of the site.

Of all accidents that occurred within the assessment area, none involved cyclists, pedestrians, children or motorcyclists.

A breakdown of the total number of PIA's within the area is shown in Tables 9 and 10.

Voor	Total		Pedal Cycle		Pedestrians		Motor Vehicle	
rear	Accidents	Casualties	Accidents	Casualties	Accidents	Casualties	Accidents	Casualties
2013	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2015	3	6	0	0	0	0	3	6
Totals	3	6	0	0	0	0	3	6

Table 9: Total Number of Accidents and Casualties



Year	Fatal	Serious	Slight	Total
2013	0	0	0	0
2014	0	0	0	0
2015	0	1	2	3
Totals	0	1	2	3

Table 10: Casualty Severity

By undertaking a more detailed review of the accident data, the first incident involved a right turning vehicle into Burlington Street which conflicted with a vehicle travelling in a westbound direction on Vauxhall Road. The second involved a vehicle turning left out of Burlington Street conflicting with a vehicle travelling in a westbound direction on Vauxhall Road. Whilst the third involved a vehicle turning right out of Burlington Street conflicting with a vehicle travelling in an eastbound direction along Vauxhall Road.

As such, no patterns in the types of accidents are apparent and therefore based on the accident records appraised, no patterns have been identified that are expected to exacerbate the existing accident history in the local area.



10 PROPOSED MEASURES

This Transport Assessment has undertaken a review of the proposed development and appraised the likely impacts that it will create. In appraising these impacts, various on and off site measures have been identified to be implemented to provide a safe environment for existing and proposed highway users.

The proposed measures are listed in the following two sub sections:

10.1 On – Site Measures

- Provision of secure sheltered cycle parking at 2 locations across the site;
- Provision of taster Citybike voucher for all units;
- Installation of a Citybike hub on the south western corner of the site;
- Provision of level access on all entrances in line with the Equality Act (Formerly DDA Act), where possible; and,
- Provision of a refuse collection & servicing management plan.

10.2 Off – Site Measures

- New pedestrian crossing with dropped kerbs and tactile paving across O'Connell Road with its junction at Titchfield Street;
- New pedestrian crossing with dropped kerbs and tactile paving across Gildarts Gardens with its junction at Titchfield Street;
- New pedestrian crossing with dropped kerbs and tactile paving across Bond Street with its junction at Titchfield Street;
- New pedestrian crossing with dropped kerbs and tactile paving on the corner of Summer Seat and Limekiln Lane;
- New pedestrian crossing with dropped kerbs and tactile paving across all arms of the Titchfield Street / Burlington Street junction;
- New pedestrian crossing with dropped kerbs and tactile paving across Limekiln Lane, south of Burlington Street.
- Realignment of the existing pedestrian crossings at the Bevington Street / Titchfield Street junction; and,
- Installation of two new bus shelters on Burlington Street.



11 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Vectio Consulting Limited has been appointed by the Eldonians to prepare a Transport Assessment to support a planning application for a proposed residential development on a site bound by Bond Street, Limekiln Lane, Bevington Street and Titchfield Street, in Liverpool. The site currently comprises of disused residential buildings and hardstanding.

The development proposals are to include 136 residential units, comprising of 45 one bedroom units, 85 two bedroom units and 6 three bedroom units. Access to the proposed development is to be served by two new driveways into forecourts on Limekiln Lane and Titchfield Street. Layby parking other forms of parking space are provided on all sides of the development other than Bond Street. The site benefits from its city centre location and excellent sustainable accessibility.

11.1 Summary

This report has been prepared in consultation with the Liverpool City Council acting as Highway Authority and in line the new guidance provided in Paragraph 32 of the National Planning Policy Framework which sets out that all developments that generate significant amounts of transport movement should be supported by a Transport Assessment.

This report has appraised key transport aspects and the findings are summarised as follows:

The development proposals have been discussed in context with the local environment. Measures to accommodate all modes of access have been developed. Servicing vehicles have been discussed along with the need to provide a Construction Stage Traffic Management prior to construction.

A review of relevant planning policy has been undertaken, planning policy has been adopted and conformed to where relevant.

The existing transport conditions have been audited and discussed within the assessment. Excellent pedestrian infrastructure and good public transport provision were identified.

To the north of the development on Burlington Street it is proposed to contribute toward the installation of two new bus shelters at both eastbound and west bound bus stops to encourage the use of the existing bus service.

Traffic impacts have been appraised relating to vehicular trip generations. These have been estimated to be minimal and as such are not expected to create either a material or detrimental impact on the adjacent highway network, when considering the former residential use of the site.

Travel forecasts have been estimated, specifically relating to person trips and the likely increase in pedestrian movements and their respective impact on the adjacent infrastructure. Improvements have been proposed to upgrade / provide pedestrian crossing facilities in the local area.

A review of cycle demand and parking provision has been undertaken. This assessment considered that a supply of 43 secure sheltered cycle parking spaces within the site is sufficient to facilitate the occupants of the development, an additional 32 spaces will be made available within ground floor flats. This report does however recommend the provision of a new Citybike hub, including 10 new bicycles, located on the corner of Titchfield Street / Bevington Street to serve both the new and existing residents surrounding the site.

Car parking demand has been appraised. The assessment has identified that a combination of on-site parking and on street parking will be sufficient to facilitate the parking demand of the proposed development.

An appraisal of road traffic accident data has been undertaken. The assessment has not identified any trends that are likely to be detrimentally impacted by the operations of the proposed development.



11.2 Conclusions

It is the view of this Transport Assessment that, in transportation and highway safety terms, there are no overriding issues that would prevent the granting of planning permission based on the recommendations within this report being implemented.



Appendix A: Scoping Correspondence



Matt Cleggett

From:	Taylor, Mike <mike.taylor@liverpool.gov.uk></mike.taylor@liverpool.gov.uk>
Sent:	21 January 2016 11:55
То:	Matt Cleggett
Subject:	RE: Advice regarding a new application - Eldon Grove, Liverpool

Matt,

Thank you for your email.

I am in agreement with your approach to the TA for the most part but would add the following:

The TRICS assessment should be based on 85th percentile trip rates. I'm not sure what you mean by weighting the trip generations – there should be enough data for residential sites to get favourable comparison sites even if you have to extend the default date range.

I would expect 139 units to generate more than 30 two-way vehicle movements in the peak hour and capacity assessments are likely. The network of roads only really allows for access/egress at two locations Eldon Street and Burlington Street and one or both of these are likely to require assessment. That being said I feel it is unlikely that any capacity improvements are likely to be required but I would want to see evidence that the signals at Burlington Street and the priority junction at Eldon Street are appropriate for increased movement.

Accident analysis should be based on the latest STATS19 data rather than on the use of Crashmap. The contact for accident details is: Jayne Black (Team Leader) Highways & Transportation Liverpool City Council, Municipal Buildings, Dale Street, Liverpool. L2 2DH 0151 233 0274 jayne.black@liverpool.gov.uk

In terms of the parking for the site our standard is 1 space per unit but I have some concerns over the proposed layout. Car parking provision should be an integral part of the overall design of a scheme and be usable, safe and secure – in-curtilage parking is preferred. The use of the on-street parking bays proposed raises a number of issues: domination of the streetscene, obstruction of visibility at accesses and junctions, issues of car maintenance/cleaning being carried out on the highway, future maintenance due to the damage leaking vehicle fluids can cause to road surfaces, manoeuvring issues, encroachment on to footways, access to dwellings from the carriageway for servicing/deliveries etc., security of vehicles etc.

I'm sure that our planners would like to take a view on the parking layout and it may be worthwhile your client arranging for a pre-application meeting.

I'm fine with the approach for the TP; a residential travel plan will be a standard condition.

Let me know if you need any further information.

Regards

Mike

Mike Taylor I Principal Engineer

Liverpool City Council I Municipal Buildings I Dale Street I Liverpool I L2 2DH

T: 0151 233 0321 | E: mike.taylor@liverpool.gov.uk



From: Matt Cleggett [mailto:matt@vectio.co.uk]
Sent: 18 January 2016 21:46
To: Dingwall, Andy; Taylor, Mike
Subject: Advice regarding a new application - Eldon Grove, Liverpool

Good evening Andy / Mike,

I hope you both are well.

I'm currently preparing a Transport reports to support a planning application associated with a new development located in the parcel of land bound by Bond street, Limekiln Lane, Titchfield Street and Bevington Street, in Liverpool.

I've attached a location plan and indicative ground floor layout for information.

The site is to comprise in the order of 139 residential units with a mix of 1, 2 and 3 bed units. Parking will be provided by adjacent on street parking, some private gated courtyards, driveways and laybys.

As per usual, I am working under a tight deadline with my client looking to submit a planning application before the end of the month (January 2016).

As such I would appreciate your input regarding my proposed methodology to be adopted in the Transport Assessment and Interim Travel Plan as below:

Transport Assessment

Prepare a Transport Assessment including:

- Discuss local and national Planning Policy;
- Outline the existing site conditions including the site scale, surroundings, local highway network, existing accesses, pedestrian routes, potential restrictions etc. (by means of undertaking an audit of highway infrastructure of the local area);
- Provide a summary of the local amenities and facilities that are currently available to potential residents and visitors, and comment on their accessibility to the site. Existing cycle and pedestrian links will be assessed, along with locations of bus stops and existing bus services to encourage sustainable travel;
- Undertake a MASA assessment;
- Provide a detailed description of the site proposals including composition, scale, main features, points of access and travel characteristics;
- Review servicing requirements and access for refuse vehicles and discuss the intended operation;
- Estimate the trip generation of the existing site based on TRICS survey information obtained from the TRICS database.

- Develop the trip generation of the proposed development based on TRICS survey information obtained from the TRICS database, including modal share information, weight these generations using local 2011 Census information;
- Highlight the net person traffic impact the proposed development is likely to create upon the local highway network and identify impacts;
- It is not considered that junction impact assessments or the procurement of traffic surveys as the development is likely to generate in the order of 30-40 two way vehicular trips during either the AM or PM peak hour. Given the network of roads leaving the site this volume of traffic would dissipate quickly. This will be discussed in the report.
- Highlight desire lines and propose associated infrastructure such as pedestrian crossings where relevant, detailing them on a drawing. This will be undertaken by means of a pedestrian infrastructure audit;
- Discuss construction impacts associated with transport and highlight how these may be managed;
- Obtain and review personal injury accident data for the previous 3-year period and appraise to ensure the proposed residential development will not exacerbate any existing highway safety issues. Should issues be identified, put forward measures to mitigate such issues;
- Review the local parking standards for all modes of transport and highlight the requirement for such parking considering the proposed development layout;
- Prepare tracking drawings to illustrate the viability of the parking areas; and,
- Culminate the above into a Transport Assessment to seek to demonstrate to the LHA that the proposed residential development will not detrimentally impact the adjacent highway network.

Interim Travel Plan

Preparation of an Interim Travel Plan including:

- Discussion regarding the existing adjacent highway infrastructure;
- Discussion regarding the development proposals;
- Review local and national Planning Policy;
- Review existing and proposed parking provision adjacent to the site along with sustainable modes of transport provision;
- Discuss the principles of a Travel Plan;
- Discuss the administration of the Travel Plan including the Co-ordinator and plans aims;
- Develop SMART targets for modal share and other objectives;
- Set out proposed promotional, awareness, and physical improvement measures associated with all modes of transport;
- Discuss car share schemes and the take up of the City Bike scheme;
- Discuss the promotion and marketing of the Travel Plan;
- Set out how the Travel Plan will be managed, monitored and maintained, including the personnel required to do this;
- Prepare a high level finance plan; and,
- Prepare an Action Plan including key dates and responsibilities.

Your thoughts regarding the above would be gratefully appreciated.

Thanks again for your support in advance,

Kind regards

Matt
Matt Cleggett | Director |BEng FCILT MCIHT TechIOSH Tel: +44 7496 813 913, Email: <u>info@vectio.co.uk</u>, Web: <u>www.vectio.co.uk</u>



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Appendix B: Masterplan







Appendix C: Swept Path Analysis





Revision	Amendment -	Approved	Revision Date	VEHICLE PROFILE	0] [Vec	tio	Consu	lti
						/ т	FRANSP	ORT F	PLANNING	
				Standard Design Vehicle (SDV) Overall Length 4.800m						
				Overail Width 2000m Overail Body Height 1950m Min Body Gound Clearance 0.100m Track Width 2000m Lock to Lock Time 4.009 Wall to Wall Turning Redius 6.000m	Drawn MC	D N	Designed MC	Approved LC		Draw 29J
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Appendix D: Highway Infrastructure Audit



VC0037 – ELDON GROVE INFRASTRUCTURE AUDIT

STREET / ROAD NAME: Limekiln Lane

DESCRIPTION: Limekiln Lane is an 8.6 m wide single carriageway road. Along Limekiln Lane there is a 20 mph speed limit, there are footways along either side of the road and the area is street lit.

General Observation

Limekiln Lane forms a 'T' junction with Silvester Street to the north and turns into Summer Seat to the south.

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Footways are provided on both sides of Limekiln Lane and are in relatively good condition. Tactile paving has been provided across all junction minor arms along the length of Limekiln Lane within the study area.

Parking Facilities

There are no parking restrictions along the length of Limekiln Lane with the exception of outside the Vauxhall Health Centre where there is both on carriageway disabled and ambulance marked parking spaces.

Bus Facilities

There were 2 bus stops observed along Limekiln Lane, these are located just north of the Vauxhall Health Centre.

<u>TROs</u>

There are no significant TRO's.

STREET / ROAD NAME: Burlington Street

DESCRIPTION: Burlington Street is a 7.3 m wide single carriageway road. Along Burlington Street there is a 20 mph speed limit, there are footways along either side of the road and the area is street lit.

General Observation

Burlington Street terminates to the east with no vehicular connection to the A59. To the west there is a signalised junction with Vauxhall Road (A5038).

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Footways are provided on both sides of Burlington Street and are in relatively good condition. There is a lack of tactile paving at the crossings with Walsh Close, Tobin Close and Diamond Street. There are some uncontrolled crossings at Titchfield Street but none have tactile paving.

Parking Facilities

There are no parking restrictions along the length of Burlington Street other than at the western end where double yellow lines are present on both sides of the road.

Bus Facilities

There were 4 bus stops observed along the length of Burlington Street. The two bus stops to the west between Walsh Close and Tolbin Street provide bus shelters with timetables and seating, the 2 bus stops beside Diamond Street do not have shelters or seating.

<u>TROs</u>

There are no significant TRO's.

STREET / ROAD NAME: Titchfield Street

DESCRIPTION: Titchfield Street has a varying carriageway width of between 4.6 m and 5.6 m and is a single carriageway road. Along Titchfield Street there is a 20 mph speed limit, there are footways along either side of the road and the area is street lit.

General Observation

No significant observations were noted.

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Footways are provided on both sides of Titchfield Street and are in relatively good condition. There is a lack of tactile paving present at crossings with O'Connell Road, Gildarts Gardens, Eldon Street and Bond Street. There are some uncontrolled crossings at the crossroad with Burlington Street but none have tactile paving. The tactile paving across Titchfield Street at its junction with Bevington Street does not align.

Parking Facilities

There are no parking restrictions along the length of Titchfield Street.

Bus Facilities

No bus infrastructure / facilities were observed along Titchfield Street within the audit area.

<u>TROs</u>

There are no significant TRO's.

STREET / ROAD NAME: O'Connell Road

DESCRIPTION: O'Connell Road is a 4.8 m wide single carriageway road. Along the length of O'Connell Road there is a 20 mph speed limit, there are footways along either side of the road and the area is street lit.

General Observation

O'Connell Road is a cul-de-sac.

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Footways are provided on both sides of O'Connell Road and are in relatively good condition. There is a lack of tactile paving at the junction with Titchfield Street.

Parking Facilities

There are no parking restrictions along the length of O'Connell Road.

Bus Facilities

No bus infrastructure / facilities were observed along O'Connell Road within the audit area.

<u>TROs</u>

There are no significant TRO's.

STREET / ROAD NAME: Gildarts Gardens

DESCRIPTION: Gildarts Gardens is a 4.8 m wide single carriageway cul-de-sac. Along the length of Gildarts Gardens there is a 20 mph speed limit and the area is street lit.

General Observation

Gildarts Gardens is a cul-de-sac and has a shared use carriageway.

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Gildarts Gardens is a shared use carriageway, there is a lack of tactile paving with the crossing with Titchfield Street.

Parking Facilities

There are no parking restrictions along the length of Gildarts Gardens.

Bus Facilities

No bus infrastructure / facilities were observed along Gildarts Gardens.

<u>TROs</u>

There are no significant TRO's.

STREET / ROAD NAME: Bond Street

DESCRIPTION: Bond Street has a varying carriageway width from between 5.5 m to 7.3 m and is a single carriageway road. Along the length of Bond Street there is a 20 mph speed limit, there are footways along either side of the road and the area is street lit.

General Observation

The properties backing on to the northern side off the carriageway have vehicular access to the rear of the properties.

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Footways are provided on both sides of Bond Street and are in relatively good condition. There is a lack of tactile paving at its junction with Titchfield Street.

Parking Facilities

There are no parking restrictions along the length of Bond Street.

Bus Facilities

No bus infrastructure / facilities were observed along Bond Street.

<u>TROs</u>

There are no significant TRO's.

STREET / ROAD NAME: Burroughs Gardens

DESCRIPTION: Burroughs Gardens is a 5.8 m wide single carriageway road. Along the length of Burroughs Gardens there is a 20 mph speed limit, there are footways along either side of the road and the area is street lit.

General Observation

Burrough Gardens is a no through road and as such does not provide vehicular access to the A59

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Footways are provided on both sides of Boroughs Gardens and are in relatively good condition and tactile paving is present. These link pedestrians to the A59.

Parking Facilities

There are no parking restrictions along the length of Burroughs Gardens. There is a parking layby at the eastern end of Burroughs Gardens just before it joins with Ennerdale Street. The layby is on the eastern kerb line.

Bus Facilities

No bus infrastructure / facilities were observed along Burroughs Gardens.

<u>TROs</u>

There are no significant TRO's.

STREET / ROAD NAME: Lardis Place

DESCRIPTION: Lardis Place is a 6.0 m wide single carriageway road. Along the length of Lardis Place there is a 20 mph speed limit, there are footways along either side of the road and the area is street lit.

General Observation

No significant observations were noted.

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Footways are provided on both sides of Lardis Place and are in relatively good condition.

Parking Facilities

There are no parking restrictions along the length of Lardis Place.

Bus Facilities

No bus infrastructure / facilities were observed along Lardis Place.

<u>TROs</u>

There are no significant TRO's.

STREET / ROAD NAME: Kingsway Court

DESCRIPTION: This is a private road and therefore no audit was undertaken.

STREET / ROAD NAME: Bevington Street

DESCRIPTION: Bevington Street is a 9.1 m wide single carriageway road. Along the length of Bevington Street there is a 20 mph speed limit, there are footways along either side of the road and the area is street lit.

General Observation

None.

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Footways are provided on both sides of Bevington Street and are in relatively good condition with tactile paving.

Parking Facilities

There are no parking restrictions along the length of Bevington Street.

Bus Facilities

No bus infrastructure / facilities were observed along Bevington Street.

<u>TROs</u>

There are no significant TRO's.

STREET / ROAD NAME: Summer Seat

DESCRIPTION: Summer Seat is a 5.5 m wide single carriageway road. Along the length of Summer Seat there is a 20 mph speed limit, there are footways along either side of the road and the area is street lit.

General Observation

No significant observations were noted.

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Footways are provided on both sides of Summer Seat and are in relatively good condition.

Parking Facilities

There are no parking restrictions along the length of Summer Seat.

Bus Facilities

No bus infrastructure / facilities were observed along Summer Seat.

<u>TROs</u>

There are no significant TRO's.

STREET / ROAD NAME: Eldon Street

DESCRIPTION: Eldon Streets is a single carriageway with a varying width of between 4.8 m and 5.7 m. Along the length of Eldon Street there is a 20 mph speed limit, there are footways along either side of the road and the area is street lit.

General Observation

There is a clearway for the first 80 m length (approx.) of Eldon Street from the junction with Vauxhall Road (A5038). Beyond this point the carriageway widens to 5.7 m.

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Footways are provided on both sides of Eldon Street and are in relatively good condition. There is a lack of tactile paving at the side road with Clement Gardens and with Titchfield Street.

Parking Facilities

The first 80 from the junction with Vauxhall Road is a clearway, after this point there are no parking restrictions on Eldon Street.

Bus Facilities

No bus infrastructure / facilities were observed along Eldon Street.

<u>TROs</u>

There are no significant TRO's.

STREET / ROAD NAME: Clement Gardens

DESCRIPTION: Clement Gardens is a 5.0 m wide single carriageway cul-de-sac. Along the length of Clement Gardens there is a 20 mph speed limit and the area is street lit.

General Observation

Clement Gardens is a cul-de-sac and has a shared use carriageway.

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Clement Gardens is a shared use carriageway, there is a lack of tactile paving with the crossing with Eldon Street.

Parking Facilities

There are no parking restrictions along the length of Clement Gardens.

Bus Facilities

No bus infrastructure / facilities were observed along Clement Gardens.

<u>TROs</u>

There are no significant TRO's.

STREET / ROAD NAME: Vauxhall Road (A5038)

DESCRIPTION: Vauxhall Road is a principle road running in a north – south direction. It has a general carriageway width of 11.9 m with splitter islands, crossing points and right turn ghost islands along its length. Along the length of Vauxhall Road there is a 30 mph speed limit, there are footways along either side of the road and the area is street lit.

General Observation

There are mandatory on-road cycle routes within the audit area. The main junctions are protected by double yellow line parking restrictions.

Pedestrian Infrastructure / Facilities

Footways are provided on both sides of Vauxhall Road and are in relatively good condition. There are controlled crossings with tactile paving within the audit area.

Parking Facilities

There were no parking facilities observed along this road, other than layby parking for 4 vehicles on the eastern carriageway between Eldon Street and Burlington Street, serving four adjacent properties.

Bus Facilities

There were 2 bus stops observed within the audit area. Both of which provided bus shelters and seating.

<u>TROs</u>

There is a mix of single and double yellow lined TRO's and also a mandatory cycle lane within the audit area.

Appendix E: MASA Form



Address:	Eldon Grove	e, Liverpool			
Completed	By: Vectio Cons	sulting Limited			
		Access Diagram	1		
Has a diag developm (This can a diagram	gram been submitted wh ent and how this links to be included within the D has not been submitted	nich shows how peop o the surrounding roa Design and Access Sta d your application may	le move to and throu ds, footpaths and sig atement, see Sectior y not be processed.	igh the ght lines? n 2.25.) If	(Yes) / No
Access or	n Foot			Points	Score
Safety	Is there safe pedestrian pedestrians passing the sides of the road)? If no y access.	access to and within th site (2m minimum widt our application must ad	ne site, and for th footpath on both dress safe pedestrian		Yes/ No
Location	Housing Development:	Is the development	Yes	2	
	within 500m of a district Accessibility Map 1 in A <u>Other development</u> : Is the local housing (i.e. within houses per hectare (see Appendix F)	or local centre (see ppendix F) he density of existing 800m) more than 50 Accessibility Map 4 in	No	0	2
Internal	Does 'circulation' and ac	ccess inside the sites	Yes		
Layout	reflect direct, safe and e routes for all; with priorit when they have to cross	easy to use pedestrian ty given to pedestrians roads or cycle routes?	No	0	1
External Layout	Are there barriers betwe facilities or housing whic access? (see Merseysio	een site and local ch restrict pedestrian le Code of Practice on	There are barriers	-2	
	 Access and Mobility)e.g No dropped kerbs desire lines; Steep gradients; A lack of a formal of heavy traffic; Security concerns, 	at crossings or on crossing where there is , e.g. lack of lighting.	There are no barriers Enhancements to pedestrian infrastructure is proposed as part of the scheme, to reduce these barriers	1	1
Other	The development links to Accessibility Map 1). If r	o identified recreational no, please provide reas	walking network (see ons why not.		(Yes)/ No
				Total (B)	
Summary	Box A: Minimum Standard (from Table 3.1)	4	Comments or actio any shortfall	n needed f	o correc
	Box B: Actual Score	4	To provide enhan facilities the follo conjunction with New uncon tactile pavin O'Conn juncti Gildarts juncti	iced pedestri wing is propo the develop trolled cros g across: ell Road on at Titchfie Gardens on at Titchfie	an osed in nent: sing with with its eld Street; with its eld Street;

20

			 Bond Streat Titchf On the orgen seat and Across a Titchfiel Burlingt and, Across Ling of Burlir Realign existing the Bevington junction 	eet with its ju field Street; corner of S d Limekiln Lar all arms of d Street on Street ju mekiln Lane, ngton Street. Ing tactile par Street / Tit	unction ummer ne; of the : / unction; . south ving at tchfield		
Access by	Cycle			Points	Score		
Safety	Are there safety issues f or a road junctions within for cyclists due to the lev issues in your application	for cyclists either turning n 400m of the site (e.g. (/el of traffic)? If yes, you m.	g into or out of the site dangerous right turns i must address safety		Yes (No		
Cycle Parking	Does the development r location with natural sur communal cycle parking parking standards and o	Does the development meet cycle parking standards, in a secure location with natural surveillance, or where appropriate contribute to communal cycle parking facilities? If no, you must address cycle parking standards and cycle parking facilities.					
Location	Housing Development:	Is the development	Yes	2	2		
	within 1 mile of a district Accessibility Map 1) <u>Other Development</u> : Is t housing (e.g. within 1 m houses per hectare (see Appendix F)	t or local centre (see the density of local ille) more than 50 e Accessibility Map 4 in	No	0			
Internal	Does 'circulation' and a	ccess inside the site	Yes	1	1		
layout	given to cyclists where t vehicles?	No	0				
External Access	The development is within 400m of an existing or proposed cycle route (see Accessibility Map 1 in Appendix F) and / or proposes to create a link to a cycle route, or develop a route?				1		
	The development is not within 400m of an existing or proposed cycle route (see Accessibility Map 1 in Appendix F)						
Other	Development includes s	hower facilities and	Yes		1		
	lockers for cyclists	No	0				
				Total (B)	5		
Summary	Box A:	_	Comments or action any shortfall	n needed t	o correct		
	Minimum Standard (From Table 3.1)	5	To provide enhanced proposed to install a r	cycling facilit new Citvbike	ies it is Hub on		

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Access by Public Transport Points Score Location and access to public transport Is the site within a 200m safe and convenient walking distance of a bus stop, and/or within 400m of a rail station? (See Accessibility Map 2 in Appendix F). Yes 2 Are there barriers on direct and safe pedestrian routes to bus stops or rail stations i.e. There are barriers 0 A re there barriers on direct and safe pedestrian routes to bus stops or rail stations i.e. There are no barriers 1 1 Frequency A lack of formal crossings where there is heavy traffic; or There are no barriers 1 2 Frequency High (four or more bus services or trains an hour) 2 2 Medium (two or three bus services or trains an hour) 0 2 Other The proposal contributes to bus stops, bus interchange or bus or rail stations in the vicinity and/or provides bus stops or bus interchange in the site 1 0 The proposal contributes to an existing or new bus service 1 0		Box B: Actual Score	5	the corner of Titchfield Bevington Street as pa development.	d Street and irt of the	
Location and access to public transportIs the site within a 200m safe and convenient walking distance of a bus stop, and/or within 400m of a rail station? (See Accessibility Map 2 in Appendix F).Yes(2)Are there barriers on direct and safe pedestrian routes to bus stops or rail stations i.e. • A lack of dropped kerbs; • Pavements less than 2m wide; • A lack of formal crossings where there is heavy traffic; or • Bus access kerbs.There are barriers 01FrequencyHigh (four or more bus services or trains an hour)(2)Medium (two or three bus services or trains an hour)0OtherThe proposal contributes to bus stops, bus interchange or bus or rail stations in the vicinity and/or provides bus stops or bus interchange in the site1OtherThe proposal contributes to an existing or new bus service1OThe proposal contributes to an existing or new bus service1	Access by	Public Transport			Points	Score
Are there barriers on direct and safe pedestrian routes to bus stops or rail stations i.e.There are barriers0• A lack of dropped kerbs; • Pavements less than 2m wide; • A lack of formal crossings where there is heavy traffic; or • Bus access kerbs.There are no barriers11FrequencyHigh (four or more bus services or trains an hour)2Medium (two or three bus services or trains an hour)12OtherThe proposal contributes to bus priority measures serving the site10OtherThe proposal contributes to an existing or new bus service10The proposal contributes to an existing or new bus service10	Location and access to public	Is the site within a 200m walking distance of a bu 400m of a rail station? (2 in Appendix F).	n safe and convenient us stop, and/or within See Accessibility Map	Yes No	2	2
Frequency High (four or more bus services or trains an hour) 2 Medium (two or three bus services or trains an hour) 1 2 Low (less than two bus services or trains an hour) 0 0 Other The proposal contributes to bus priority measures serving the site 1 0 The proposal contributes to bus stops, bus interchange or bus or rail stations in the vicinity and/or provides bus stops or bus interchange in the site 1 0 The proposal contributes to an existing or new bus service 1 0	transport	Are there barriers on dire routes to bus stops or ra A lack of dropped Pavements less th A lack of formal cr heavy traffic; or Bus access kerbs.	 Are there barriers on direct and safe pedestrian routes to bus stops or rail stations i.e. A lack of dropped kerbs; Pavements less than 2m wide; A lack of formal crossings where there is heavy traffic; or Bus access kerbs. 		0	1
Interaction of the proposal contributes to bus priority measures serving the site 1 0 Other The proposal contributes to bus priority measures serving the site 1 0 The proposal contributes to bus stops, bus interchange or bus or rail stations in the vicinity and/or provides bus stops or bus interchange in the site 1 0 The proposal contributes to an existing or new bus service 1 0	Frequency	High (four or more bus services or trains an ho Medium (two or three bus services or trains an		ur) hour)	2	2
Other The proposal contributes to bus priority measures serving the site 1 0 The proposal contributes to bus stops, bus interchange or bus or rail stations in the vicinity and/or provides bus stops or bus interchange in the site 1 0 The proposal contributes to an existing or new bus service 1 0		Low (less than two bus services or trains an hour)			0	
The proposal contributes to bus stops, bus interchange or bus or rail stations in the vicinity and/or provides bus stops or bus interchange in the site 1 0 The proposal contributes to an existing or new bus service 1 0	Other	The proposal contributes to bus priority measures serving the site				0
The proposal contributes to an existing or new bus service 1 0		The proposal contribute stations in the vicinity ar in the site	s to bus stops, bus inte nd/or provides bus stop	rchange or bus or rail s or bus interchange	1	0
		The proposal contribute	s to an existing or new	bus service	1	0

Summary	Box A:		Comments or action	n needed	to correct
	Minimum Standard	5	any shordan		
	(from Table 3.1)		The ungraded nedes	trian facilitie	s will
	Box B: Total Score	5	The upgraded pedes provide a direct link stops on Vauxhall Ro Street. In addition, it install two new bus s Burlington Street to current facilities.	trian facilitie to the adjac bad and Burl : is proposed shelters on enhance the	es will ent bus ington I to
Vehicle Ac	cess and Parking			Points	Score
Vehicle	Is there safe access to	and from the road? If n	o you must address		Ves/ No
access	Is there safe access to and from the road? If no, you must address safety issues.				
and circulation	Can the site be adequatissues.		Yes / No		
	Is the safety and conver and public transport) aff address safety issues.		Yes /No		
	Has access for the eme must provide emergenc		Yes/ No		
	For development which the site easily accessed		Yes / No		
	(i.e. minimising the impa neighbourhoods) (see A please provide an expla	act of traffic on local roa accessibility Map 3 in A ination.	ads and ppendix F)? If no,		N/A
Parking	The off-street parking pr that development type.	rovided is more than ad If yes, parking provision	vised in Section 4 for must be reassessed.		Yes (No

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	The off-street parking pr development type	rovided is as advis	ed in Section 4 for that	1	Yes/ No
	The off-street parking pro in Section 4 for that dev with another developme	ovided is less than elopment type (or ent)	75% of the amount advised shares parking provision	2	Yes/ No
	For development in con	trolled parking zor	nes:		
	 Is it a car free devi 	elopment?		1	
	 Supports the contr provision of disabl measures in the lo 	ol or removal of on ed spaces), or cor cal parking strateg	-street parking spaces (inc ntributes to other identified gy (including car clubs)	1	
				Total (B):	
Summary	Box A:		Comments or action	nneeded	to correct
	Minimum Standard	1	any shortfall. If con appropriate for the parking (see section	reduced le	e evel of is has not
	(From Table 3.1)		been provided, plea	se explai	n why.
	Total Score	3			
			Formal vehicle parking to accommodate 70 s will be allocated for di audit of the local area sufficient available ca parking within 400 m an overall provision of available.	g has been p paces 6% of isabled use. has identific pacity for on of the site to f 136 spaces	provided these An ed o street o ensure is

Appendix F: TRICS Reports



TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Lanu Use : U3 - RESIDENTIAL		:	
	Land Use	:	03 - RESIDENTIAL

Selected regions and areas:

02	SOU	TH EAST	
	EX	ESSEX	1 days
	HF	HERTFORDSHIRE	1 days
	SC	SURREY	2 days
03	SOU	TH WEST	
	BR	BRISTOL CITY	1 days
	DC	DORSET	1 days
04	EAS	T ANGLIA	-
	CA	CAMBRIDGESHIRE	1 days
	NF	NORFOLK	1 days
	SF	SUFFOLK	2 days
06	WES	T MIDLANDS	
	ST	STAFFORDSHIRE	1 days
	WM	WEST MIDLANDS	1 days
08	NOR	TH WEST	
	CH	CHESHIRE	1 days
09	NOR	TH	-
	CB	CUMBRIA	1 days
	ΤV	TEES VALLEY	2 davs

This section displays the number of survey days per $\mathsf{TRICS}\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}$ sub-region in the selected set

Filtering Stage 2 selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Parameter:	Number of dwellings
Actual Range:	27 to 140 (units:)
Range Selected by User:	25 to 154 (units:)

Public Transport Provision: Selection by:

Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/07 to 18/12/14

This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

days
days
days
days
days

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

Selected survey types:	
Manual count	16 days
Directional ATC Count	0 days

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

Selected Locations:	
Edge of Town Centre	7
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	9

This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

Filtering Stage 3 selection:

Use Class: C3

16 days

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

Population within 1 mile:	
10,001 to 15,000	4 days
15,001 to 20,000	2 days
20,001 to 25,000	4 days
25,001 to 50,000	6 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.

Population within 5 miles:	
25,001 to 50,000	1 days
50,001 to 75,000	4 days
125,001 to 250,000	5 days
250,001 to 500,000	6 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5-mile radii of population.

Car ownership within 5 miles:	
0.6 to 1.0	1 days
1.1 to 1.5	15 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.

<u>Travel Plan:</u> No

16 days

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1	BR-03-C-01 Clarence Road	FLATS & TERRACED		BRISTOL CITY
2	BRISTOL Suburban Area (PPS Residential Zone Total Number of dwa Survey date: CA-03-C-02 WESTFIELD ROAD NETHERTON PETERBOROUGH Suburban Area (PPS No Sub Category Total Number of dwa Survey date:	6 Out of Centre) ellings: MONDAY BLOCK OF FLATS 6 Out of Centre) ellings: TUESDAY	102 09/11/09 44 18/10/11	Survey Type: MANUAL CAMBRIDGESHIRE Survey Type: MANUAL
3	CB-03-C-03 LOUND STREET	FLATS & BUNGALOW	S	CUMBRIA
4	KENDAL Suburban Area (PPS Residential Zone Total Number of dwa Survey date: CH-03-C-01 NEW CRANE STREET	6 Out of Centre) ellings: MONDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	33 09/06/14	Survey Type: MANUAL CHESHIRE
5	CHESTER Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: DC-03-C-01 ABBOTSBURY ROAD	e ellings: FRIDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	60 17/10/08	Survey Type: MANUAL DORSET
6	WEYMOUTH Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: EX-03-C-02 WESTCLIFF PARADE WESTCLIFF	ellings: TUESDAY BLOCK OF FLATS	27 08/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL ESSEX
7	Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: HF-03-C-02 BRIDGE ROAD EAST	e ellings: TUESDAY FLATS	94 22/10/13	Survey Type: MANUAL HERTFORDSHIRE
	WELWYN GARDEN C Suburban Area (PPS No Sub Category Total Number of dwe Survey date:	CITY 6 Out of Centre) ellings: WEDNESDAY	86 16/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

8	NF-03-C-01 Page stair lane	BLOCKS OF FLATS		NORFOLK
9	KING'S LYNN Edge of Town Centre Built-Up Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: SC-03-C-01 HEATHCOTE ROAD	llings: THURSDAY FLATS	51 11/12/14	Survey Type: MANUAL SURREY
10	CAMBERLEY Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: SC-03-C-02 CONSTITUTION HILL	llings: MONDAY FLATS	140 21/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL SURREY
11	WOKING Suburban Area (PPS6 Built-Up Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: " SF-03-C-01 STATION HILL	5 Out of Centre) Ilings: WEDNESDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	36 23/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL SUFFOLK
12	BURY ST EDMUNDS Edge of Town Centre Built-Up Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: SF-03-C-03 TOLLGATE LANE	llings: THURSDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	85 18/12/14	Survey Type: MANUAL SUFFOLK
13	BURY ST EDMUNDS Suburban Area (PPS6 Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: ' ST-03-C-01 ETRURIA COURT HUMBERT ROAD STOKE-ON-TPENT	o Out of Centre) Ilings: WEDNESDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	30 03/12/14	Survey Type: MANUAL STAFFORDSHIRE
14	Suburban Area (PPS6 No Sub Category Total Number of dwe Survey date: ' TV-03-C-01 OXFORD ROAD LINTHORPE MIDDLESBROUGH	5 Out of Centre) Ilings: WEDNESDAY APARTMENTS BLOCKS	33 26/11/08 S	Survey Type: MANUAL TEES VALLEY
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date:	5 Out of Centre) Ilings: MONDAY	85 06/10/08	Survey Type: MANUAL

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

15	TV-03-C-02 FLATS ACKLAM ROAD LINTHORPE MIDDLESBROUGH Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)		TEES VALLEY
	Residential Zone		
	Total Number of dwellings: Survey date: WEDNESDAY	85 29/06/11	Survey Type: MANUAL
16	WM-03-C-03 FLATS LODE LANE		WEST MIDLANDS
	SOLIHULL Edge of Town Centre No Sub Category		
	Total Number of dwellings:	60	
	Survey date: FRIDAY	21/09/07	Survey Type: MANUAL
Thic	castion provides a list of all survey sites and	I dave in the colocted c	at. Ear aach individual curvey cita, it di

This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

Nottinghamshire County Council Fox Road West Bridgford, Nottingham

RANK ORDER for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED **MULTI-MODAL VEHICLES**

Ranking Type:TOTALSTime Range: 08:00-09:00WARNING: Using 85th and 15th percentile highlighted trip rates in data sets of under
20 surveys is not recommended by TRICS and may be misleading.

15th Percentil	e = No.	14	SC-03-C-02	Tot: 0.195	
85th Percentil	e = No.	3	TV-03-C-02	Tot: 0.388	
Median Value	<u>S</u>		Mean Valu	es	
Arrivals:	0.043		Arrivals:	0.072	
Departures:	0.265		Departures	s: 0.236	

Departures:	0.265	Departures:	0.236
Totals:	0.308	Totals:	0.308

								Trip Ra	te (Sorted by 7	otals)	Park Spaces
Rank	Site-Ref	Description	Town/City	Area	DWELLS	Day	Date	Arrivals	Departures	Totals	Per Dwelling
1	WM-03-C-03	FLATS	SOLIHULL	WEST MIDLANDS	60	Fri	21/09/07	0.050	0.450	0.500	1.50
2	TV-03-C-01	APARTMENTS BLO	MIDDLESBROUGH	TEES VALLEY	85	Mon	06/10/08	0.129	0.306	0.435	1.13
3	TV-03-C-02	FLATS	MIDDLESBROUGH	TEES VALLEY	85	Wed	29/06/11	0.047	0.341	0.388	1.24
4	BR-03-C-01	FLATS & TERRAC	BRISTOL	BRISTOL CITY	102	Mon	09/11/09	0.098	0.284	0.382	1.37
5	CH-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	CHESTER	CHESHIRE	60	Fri	17/10/08	0.100	0.267	0.367	0.95
6	DC-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	WEYMOUTH	DORSET	27	Tue	08/07/08	0.148	0.185	0.333	1.11
7	CA-03-C-02	BLOCK OF FLATS	PETERBOROUGH	CAMBRIDGESHIRE	44	Tue	18/10/11	0.000	0.318	0.318	1.00
8	SC-03-C-01	FLATS	CAMBERLEY	SURREY	140	Mon	21/07/08	0.057	0.257	0.314	1.00
9	ST-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	STOKE-ON-TRENT	STAFFORDSHIRE	33	Wed	26/11/08	0.030	0.273	0.303	1.09
10	SF-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	BURY ST EDMUNDS	SUFFOLK	85	Thu	18/12/14	0.047	0.247	0.294	1.20
11	HF-03-C-02	FLATS	WELWYN GARDEN CITY	HERTFORDSHIRE	86	Wed	16/07/08	0.070	0.198	0.268	1.27
12	SF-03-C-03	BLOCKS OF FLAT	BURY ST EDMUNDS	SUFFOLK	30	Wed	03/12/14	0.067	0.200	0.267	1.33
13	CB-03-C-03	FLATS & BUNGAL	KENDAL	CUMBRIA	33	Mon	09/06/14	0.091	0.121	0.212	0.52
14	SC-03-C-02	FLATS	WOKING	SURREY	36	Wed	23/07/08	0.056	0.139	0.195	1.00
15	EX-03-C-02	BLOCK OF FLATS	SOUTHEND-ON-SEA	ESSEX	94	Tue	22/10/13	0.096	0.096	0.192	1.01
16	NF-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	KING'S LYNN	NORFOLK	51	Thu	11/12/14	0.059	0.098	0.157	0.88

This section displays actual (not average) trip rates for each of the survey days in the selected set, and ranks them in order of relative trip rate intensity, for a given time period (or peak period irrespective of time) selected by the user. The count type and direction are both displayed just above the table, along with the rows within the table representing the 85th and 15th percentile trip rate figures (highlighted in bold within the table itself).

The table itself displays details of each individual survey, alongside arrivals, departures and totals trip rates, sorted by whichever of the three directional options has been chosen by the user. As with the preceeding trip rate calculation results table, the trip rates shown are per the calculation factor (e.g. per 100m2 GFA, per employee, per hectare, etc). Note that if the peak period option has been selected (as opposed to a specific chosen time period), the peak period for each individual survey day in the table is also displayed.

Licence No: 310901

TRICS 7.2.4 171215 B17.29 (C) 2015 TRICS Consortium Ltd **Eldon Grove - Vehicles AM 85th** Nottinghamshire County Council Fox Road West Bridgford, Nottingham

Licence No: 310901



This graph is a visual representation of the correlation between the selected trip rate calculation parameter and the rank order trip rates generated by each individual survey day in the selected set. The range of the trip rate parameter is shown along the x axis, with the level of trips shown on the y axis. The selected time range used to create the rank order list from which the graph is derived is displayed at the top of the graph (unless the peak period irrespective of time range has been selected). A line of best fit is sometimes displayed in the graph, should it be selected for inclusion by the user.

TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Land Use	:	03 - RESIDENTIAL
Category	:	C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED
MULTI-M	D	DAL VEHICLES

Selected regions and areas:

02	SOU	TH EAST	
	EX	ESSEX	1 days
	HF	HERTFORDSHIRE	1 days
	SC	SURREY	2 days
03	SOU	TH WEST	
	BR	BRISTOL CITY	1 days
	DC	DORSET	1 days
04	EAS	T ANGLIA	
	CA	CAMBRIDGESHIRE	1 days
	NF	NORFOLK	1 days
	SF	SUFFOLK	2 days
06	WES	T MIDLANDS	
	ST	STAFFORDSHIRE	1 days
	WM	WEST MIDLANDS	1 days
08	NOR	TH WEST	
	CH	CHESHIRE	1 days
09	NOR	TH	,
	CB	CUMBRIA	1 days
	ΤV	TEES VALLEY	2 davs

This section displays the number of survey days per TRICS® sub-region in the selected set

Filtering Stage 2 selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Parameter:	Number of dwellings
Actual Range:	27 to 140 (units:)
Range Selected by User:	25 to 154 (units:)

Public Transport Provision: Selection by:

Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/07 to 18/12/14

This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Selected survey days:	
Monday	4 days
Tuesday	3 days
Wednesday	5 days
Thursday	2 days
Friday	2 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

Selected survey types:	
Manual count	16 days
Directional ATC Count	0 days

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

Selected Locations:	
Edge of Town Centre	7
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	9

This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

Filtering Stage 3 selection:

Use Class: C3

16 days

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

4 days
2 days
4 days
6 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.

Population within 5 miles:	
25,001 to 50,000	1 days
50,001 to 75,000	4 days
125,001 to 250,000	5 days
250,001 to 500,000	6 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5-mile radii of population.

Car ownership within 5 miles:	
0.6 to 1.0	1 days
1.1 to 1.5	15 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.

<u>Travel Plan:</u> No

16 days

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1	BR-03-C-01 Clarence Road	FLATS & TERRACED		BRISTOL CITY
2	BRISTOL Suburban Area (PPS Residential Zone Total Number of dwa Survey date: CA-03-C-02 WESTFIELD ROAD NETHERTON PETERBOROUGH Suburban Area (PPS No Sub Category	6 Out of Centre) ellings: MONDAY BLOCK OF FLATS 6 Out of Centre)	102 09/11/09	Survey Type: MANUAL CAMBRIDGESHIRE
3	Total Number of dwa Survey date: CB-03-C-03 LOUND STREET	ellings: TUESDAY FLATS & BUNGALOW	44 18/10/11 S	Survey Type: MANUAL CUMBRIA
4	KENDAL Suburban Area (PPS Residential Zone Total Number of dwa Survey date: CH-03-C-01 NEW CRANE STREET	6 Out of Centre) ellings: MONDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS F	33 09/06/14	Survey Type: MANUAL CHESHIRE
5	CHESTER Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total Number of dwa Survey date: DC-03-C-01 ABBOTSBURY ROAD	e ellings: FRIDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	60 17/10/08	Survey Type: MANUAL DORSET
6	WEYMOUTH Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: EX-03-C-02 WESTCLIFF PARADE WESTCLIFF	ellings: TUESDAY BLOCK OF FLATS	27 08/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL ESSEX
7	SOUTHEND-ON-SEA Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: HF-03-C-02 BRIDGE ROAD EAST	e ellings: TUESDAY FLATS	94 22/10/13	Survey Type: MANUAL HERTFORDSHIRE
	WELWYN GARDEN C Suburban Area (PPS No Sub Category Total Number of dwa Survey date:	CITY 6 Out of Centre) ellings: WEDNESDAY	86 16/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

8	NF-03-C-01 Page stair lane	BLOCKS OF FLATS		NORFOLK
9	KING'S LYNN Edge of Town Centre Built-Up Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: SC-03-C-01 HEATHCOTE ROAD	llings: THURSDAY FLATS	51 11/12/14	Survey Type: MANUAL SURREY
10	CAMBERLEY Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: SC-03-C-02 CONSTITUTION HILL	llings: MONDAY FLATS	140 21/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL SURREY
11	WOKING Suburban Area (PPS6 Built-Up Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: " SF-03-C-01 STATION HILL	5 Out of Centre) Ilings: WEDNESDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	36 23/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL SUFFOLK
12	BURY ST EDMUNDS Edge of Town Centre Built-Up Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: SF-03-C-03 TOLLGATE LANE	llings: THURSDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	85 18/12/14	Survey Type: MANUAL SUFFOLK
13	BURY ST EDMUNDS Suburban Area (PPS6 Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: ' ST-03-C-01 ETRURIA COURT HUMBERT ROAD STOKE-ON-TPENT	o Out of Centre) Ilings: WEDNESDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	30 03/12/14	Survey Type: MANUAL STAFFORDSHIRE
14	Suburban Area (PPS6 No Sub Category Total Number of dwe Survey date: ' TV-03-C-01 OXFORD ROAD LINTHORPE MIDDLESBROUGH	5 Out of Centre) Ilings: WEDNESDAY APARTMENTS BLOCKS	33 26/11/08 S	Survey Type: MANUAL TEES VALLEY
	Suburban Area (PPS6 Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date:	5 Out of Centre) Ilings: MONDAY	85 06/10/08	Survey Type: MANUAL

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

15	TV-03-C-02 FLATS ACKLAM ROAD LINTHORPE MIDDLESBROUGH Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Contro)		TEES VALLEY
	Residential Zone		
	Total Number of dwellings: Survey date: WEDNESDAY	85 29/06/11	Survey Type: MANUAL
16	WM-03-C-03 FLATS LODE LANE		WEST MIDLANDS
	SOLIHULL Edge of Town Centre No Sub Category		
	Total Number of dwellings:	60	
	Survey date: FRIDAY	21/09/07	Survey Type: MANUAL
Thic	castion provides a list of all survey sites and	d days in the selected s	ent. Ear ageb individual curvoy cita, it di

This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

Nottinghamshire County Council Fox Road West Bridgford, Nottingham

RANK ORDER for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED **MULTI-MODAL VEHICLES**

Totals:

0.342

Ranking Type:**TOTALS**Time Range: 17:00-18:00WARNING: Using 85th and 15th percentile highlighted trip rates in data sets of under
20 surveys is not recommended by TRICS and may be misleading.15th Dependict Number0.02.0.0215th Dependict Number

15th Percentil	e = No.	14	SC-03-C-02	lot: 0.195
85th Percentil	e = No.	3	CA-03-C-02	Tot: 0.432
Median Values	<u>s</u>		Mean Value	25
Arrivals:	0.211		Arrivals:	0.229
Departures:	0.141		Departures	: 0.114

0.352

Totals:

								Trip Ra	te (Sorted by]	Fotals)	Park Spaces
Rank	Site-Ref	Description	Town/City	Area	DWELLS	Day	Date	Arrivals	Departures	Totals	Per Dwelling
1	TV-03-C-01	APARTMENTS BLO	MIDDLESBROUGH	TEES VALLEY	85	Mon	06/10/08	0.424	0.212	0.636	1.13
2	TV-03-C-02	FLATS	MIDDLESBROUGH	TEES VALLEY	85	Wed	29/06/11	0.329	0.176	0.505	1.24
3	CA-03-C-02	BLOCK OF FLATS	PETERBOROUGH	CAMBRIDGESHIRE	44	Tue	18/10/11	0.341	0.091	0.432	1.00
4	BR-03-C-01	FLATS & TERRAC	BRISTOL	BRISTOL CITY	102	Mon	09/11/09	0.275	0.127	0.402	1.37
5	WM-03-C-03	FLATS	SOLIHULL	WEST MIDLANDS	60	Fri	21/09/07	0.267	0.117	0.384	1.50
6	CH-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	CHESTER	CHESHIRE	60	Fri	17/10/08	0.217	0.167	0.384	0.95
7	CB-03-C-03	FLATS & BUNGAL	KENDAL	CUMBRIA	33	Mon	09/06/14	0.212	0.152	0.364	0.52
8	SF-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	BURY ST EDMUNDS	SUFFOLK	85	Thu	18/12/14	0.247	0.106	0.353	1.20
9	NF-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	KING'S LYNN	NORFOLK	51	Thu	11/12/14	0.176	0.176	0.352	0.88
10	SC-03-C-01	FLATS	CAMBERLEY	SURREY	140	Mon	21/07/08	0.229	0.093	0.322	1.00
11	SF-03-C-03	BLOCKS OF FLAT	BURY ST EDMUNDS	SUFFOLK	30	Wed	03/12/14	0.233	0.067	0.300	1.33
12	ST-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	STOKE-ON-TRENT	STAFFORDSHIRE	33	Wed	26/11/08	0.212	0.030	0.242	1.09
13	HF-03-C-02	FLATS	WELWYN GARDEN CITY	HERTFORDSHIRE	86	Wed	16/07/08	0.140	0.093	0.233	1.27
14	SC-03-C-02	FLATS	WOKING	SURREY	36	Wed	23/07/08	0.139	0.056	0.195	1.00
15	EX-03-C-02	BLOCK OF FLATS	SOUTHEND-ON-SEA	ESSEX	94	Tue	22/10/13	0.106	0.085	0.191	1.01
16	DC-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	WEYMOUTH	DORSET	27	Tue	08/07/08	0.111	0.074	0.185	1.11

This section displays actual (not average) trip rates for each of the survey days in the selected set, and ranks them in order of relative trip rate intensity, for a given time period (or peak period irrespective of time) selected by the user. The count type and direction are both displayed just above the table, along with the rows within the table representing the 85th and 15th percentile trip rate figures (highlighted in bold within the table itself).

The table itself displays details of each individual survey, alongside arrivals, departures and totals trip rates, sorted by whichever of the three directional options has been chosen by the user. As with the preceeding trip rate calculation results table, the trip rates shown are per the calculation factor (e.g. per 100m2 GFA, per employee, per hectare, etc). Note that if the peak period option has been selected (as opposed to a specific chosen time period), the peak period for each individual survey day in the table is also displayed.

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TRICS 7.2.4171215 B17.29(C) 2015TRICS Consortium Ltd**Eldon Grove - Vehicles AM 85th**Nottinghamshire County CouncilFox RoadWest Bridgford, Nottingham

Licence No: 310901



This graph is a visual representation of the correlation between the selected trip rate calculation parameter and the rank order trip rates generated by each individual survey day in the selected set. The range of the trip rate parameter is shown along the x axis, with the level of trips shown on the y axis. The selected time range used to create the rank order list from which the graph is derived is displayed at the top of the graph (unless the peak period irrespective of time range has been selected). A line of best fit is sometimes displayed in the graph, should it be selected for inclusion by the user.

TRIP RATE CALCULATION SELECTION PARAMETERS:

Lanu Use : U3 - RESIDENTIAL		:	
	Land Use	:	03 - RESIDENTIAL

Selected regions and areas:

02	SOUTH EAST			
	EX	ESSEX	1 days	
	HF	HERTFORDSHIRE	1 days	
	SC	SURREY	2 days	
03	SOUTH WEST			
	BR	BRISTOL CITY	1 days	
	DC	DORSET	1 days	
04	EAST ANGLIA			
	CA	CAMBRIDGESHIRE	1 days	
	NF	NORFOLK	1 days	
	SF	SUFFOLK	2 days	
06	WEST MIDLANDS			
	ST	STAFFORDSHIRE	1 days	
	WM	WEST MIDLANDS	1 days	
08	NORTH WEST			
	CH	CHESHIRE	1 days	
09	NORTH			
	CB	CUMBRIA	1 days	
	ΤV	TEES VALLEY	2 davs	

This section displays the number of survey days per $\mathsf{TRICS}\ensuremath{\mathbb{R}}$ sub-region in the selected set

Filtering Stage 2 selection:

This data displays the chosen trip rate parameter and its selected range. Only sites that fall within the parameter range are included in the trip rate calculation.

Parameter:	Number of dwellings
Actual Range:	27 to 140 (units:)
Range Selected by User:	25 to 154 (units:)

Public Transport Provision: Selection by:

Include all surveys

Date Range: 01/01/07 to 18/12/14

This data displays the range of survey dates selected. Only surveys that were conducted within this date range are included in the trip rate calculation.

days
days
days
days
days

This data displays the number of selected surveys by day of the week.

Selected survey types:	
Manual count	16 days
Directional ATC Count	0 days

This data displays the number of manual classified surveys and the number of unclassified ATC surveys, the total adding up to the overall number of surveys in the selected set. Manual surveys are undertaken using staff, whilst ATC surveys are undertaking using machines.

Selected Locations:	
Edge of Town Centre	7
Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)	9

This data displays the number of surveys per main location category within the selected set. The main location categories consist of Free Standing, Edge of Town, Suburban Area, Neighbourhood Centre, Edge of Town Centre, Town Centre and Not Known.

This data displays the number of surveys per location sub-category within the selected set. The location sub-categories consist of Commercial Zone, Industrial Zone, Development Zone, Residential Zone, Retail Zone, Built-Up Zone, Village, Out of Town, High Street and No Sub Category.

Filtering Stage 3 selection:

Use Class: C3

16 days

This data displays the number of surveys per Use Class classification within the selected set. The Use Classes Order 2005 has been used for this purpose, which can be found within the Library module of TRICS®.

4 days
2 days
4 days
6 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 1-mile radii of population.

Population within 5 miles:	
25,001 to 50,000	1 days
50,001 to 75,000	4 days
125,001 to 250,000	5 days
250,001 to 500,000	6 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated 5-mile radii of population.

Car ownership within 5 miles:	
0.6 to 1.0	1 days
1.1 to 1.5	15 days

This data displays the number of selected surveys within stated ranges of average cars owned per residential dwelling, within a radius of 5-miles of selected survey sites.

<u>Travel Plan:</u> No

16 days

This data displays the number of surveys within the selected set that were undertaken at sites with Travel Plans in place, and the number of surveys that were undertaken at sites without Travel Plans.

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters

1	BR-03-C-01 Clarence Road	FLATS & TERRACED		BRISTOL CITY
2	BRISTOL Suburban Area (PPS Residential Zone Total Number of dwa Survey date: CA-03-C-02 WESTFIELD ROAD NETHERTON PETERBOROUGH Suburban Area (PPS No Sub Category Total Number of dwa Survey date:	6 Out of Centre) ellings: MONDAY BLOCK OF FLATS 6 Out of Centre) ellings: TUESDAY	102 09/11/09 44 18/10/11	Survey Type: MANUAL CAMBRIDGESHIRE Survey Type: MANUAL
3	CB-03-C-03 LOUND STREET	FLATS & BUNGALOW	S	CUMBRIA
4	KENDAL Suburban Area (PPS Residential Zone Total Number of dwa Survey date: CH-03-C-01 NEW CRANE STREET	6 Out of Centre) ellings: MONDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	33 09/06/14	Survey Type: MANUAL CHESHIRE
5	CHESTER Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: DC-03-C-01 ABBOTSBURY ROAD	e ellings: FRIDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	60 17/10/08	Survey Type: MANUAL DORSET
6	WEYMOUTH Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: EX-03-C-02 WESTCLIFF PARADE WESTCLIFF	ellings: TUESDAY BLOCK OF FLATS	27 08/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL ESSEX
7	Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: HF-03-C-02 BRIDGE ROAD EAST	e ellings: TUESDAY FLATS	94 22/10/13	Survey Type: MANUAL HERTFORDSHIRE
	WELWYN GARDEN C Suburban Area (PPS No Sub Category Total Number of dwe Survey date:	CITY 6 Out of Centre) ellings: WEDNESDAY	86 16/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL
LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

8	NF-03-C-01 PAGE STAIR LANE	BLOCKS OF FLATS		NORFOLK
	KING'S LYNN Edge of Town Centre Built-Up Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date:	llings: THURSDAY	51 11/12/14	Survey Type: MANUAL
9	SC-03-C-01 HEATHCOTE ROAD	FLATS		SURREY
10	CAMBERLEY Edge of Town Centre Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: 1 SC-03-C-02 CONSTITUTION HILL	llings: MONDAY FLATS	140 21/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL SURREY
11	WOKING Suburban Area (PPS6 Built-Up Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: N SF-03-C-01 STATION HILL	o Out of Centre) llings: WEDNESDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	36 23/07/08	Survey Type: MANUAL SUFFOLK
12	BURY ST EDMUNDS Edge of Town Centre Built-Up Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: T SF-03-C-03 TOLLGATE LANE	llings: THURSDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	85 18/12/14	Survey Type: MANUAL SUFFOLK
13	BURY ST EDMUNDS Suburban Area (PPS6 Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: V ST-03-C-01 ETRURIA COURT HUMBERT ROAD STOKE-ON-TRENT	o Out of Centre) Ilings: WEDNESDAY BLOCKS OF FLATS	30 03/12/14	Survey Type: MANUAL STAFFORDSHIRE
14	No Sub Category Total Number of dwe Survey date: N TV-03-C-01 OXFORD ROAD LINTHORPE MIDDLESBROUGH Suburban Area (PPS6	illings: WEDNESDAY APARTMENTS BLOCKS	33 26/11/08 S	Survey Type: MANUAL TEES VALLEY
	Residential Zone Total Number of dwe Survey date: I	llings: MONDAY	85 06/10/08	Survey Type: MANUAL

LIST OF SITES relevant to selection parameters (Cont.)

15	TV-03-C-02 FLATS ACKLAM ROAD LINTHORPE MIDDLESBROUGH Suburban Area (PPS6 Out of Centre)		TEES VALLEY
	Residential Zone		
	Total Number of dwellings: Survey date: WEDNESDAY	85 29/06/11	Survey Type: MANUAL
16	WM-03-C-03 FLATS LODE LANE		WEST MIDLANDS
	SOLIHULL Edge of Town Centre No Sub Category		
	Total Number of dwellings:	60	
	Survey date: FRIDAY	21/09/07	Survey Type: MANUAL
Thic	castion provides a list of all survey sites and	I dave in the colocted c	at. Ear aach individual curvey cite, it di

This section provides a list of all survey sites and days in the selected set. For each individual survey site, it displays a unique site reference code and site address, the selected trip rate calculation parameter and its value, the day of the week and date of each survey, and whether the survey was a manual classified count or an ATC count.

Nottinghamshire County Council Fox Road West Bridgford, Nottingham

RANK ORDER for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED **MULTI-MODAL VEHICLES**

Ranking Type:TOTALSTime Range: 17:00-18:00WARNING: Using 85th and 15th percentile highlighted trip rates in data sets of under
20 surveys is not recommended by TRICS and may be misleading.15th PercentileNo.16th PercentileNo.17th PercentileNo.</

85th Percenti	le = No. le = No.	14 3	SC-03-C-02 CA-03-C-02	Tot: 0.195 Tot: 0.432
Median Value	s		Mean Value	es
Arrivals:	0.211		Arrivals:	0.229
Departures:	0.141		Departures	s: 0.114
Totals:	0.352		Totals:	0.342

								Trip Ra	te (Sorted by To	otals)	Park Spaces
Rank	Site-Ref	Description	Town/City	Area	DWELLS	Day	Date	Arrivals	Departures	Totals	Per Dwelling
1	TV-03-C-01	APARTMENTS BLO	MIDDLESBROUGH	TEES VALLEY	85	Mon	06/10/08	0.424	0.212	0.636	1.13
2	TV-03-C-02	FLATS	MIDDLESBROUGH	TEES VALLEY	85	Wed	29/06/11	0.329	0.176	0.505	1.24
3	CA-03-C-02	BLOCK OF FLATS	PETERBOROUGH	CAMBRIDGESHIRE	44	Tue	18/10/11	0.341	0.091	0.432	1.00
4	BR-03-C-01	FLATS & TERRAC	BRISTOL	BRISTOL CITY	102	Mon	09/11/09	0.275	0.127	0.402	1.37
5	WM-03-C-03	FLATS	SOLIHULL	WEST MIDLANDS	60	Fri	21/09/07	0.267	0.117	0.384	1.50
6	CH-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	CHESTER	CHESHIRE	60	Fri	17/10/08	0.217	0.167	0.384	0.95
7	CB-03-C-03	FLATS & BUNGAL	KENDAL	CUMBRIA	33	Mon	09/06/14	0.212	0.152	0.364	0.52
8	SF-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	BURY ST EDMUNDS	SUFFOLK	85	Thu	18/12/14	0.247	0.106	0.353	1.20
9	NF-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	KING'S LYNN	NORFOLK	51	Thu	11/12/14	0.176	0.176	0.352	0.88
10	SC-03-C-01	FLATS	CAMBERLEY	SURREY	140	Mon	21/07/08	0.229	0.093	0.322	1.00
11	SF-03-C-03	BLOCKS OF FLAT	BURY ST EDMUNDS	SUFFOLK	30	Wed	03/12/14	0.233	0.067	0.300	1.33
12	ST-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	STOKE-ON-TRENT	STAFFORDSHIRE	33	Wed	26/11/08	0.212	0.030	0.242	1.09
13	HF-03-C-02	FLATS	WELWYN GARDEN CITY	HERTFORDSHIRE	86	Wed	16/07/08	0.140	0.093	0.233	1.27
14	SC-03-C-02	FLATS	WOKING	SURREY	36	Wed	23/07/08	0.139	0.056	0.195	1.00
15	EX-03-C-02	BLOCK OF FLATS	SOUTHEND-ON-SEA	ESSEX	94	Tue	22/10/13	0.106	0.085	0.191	1.01
16	DC-03-C-01	BLOCKS OF FLAT	WEYMOUTH	DORSET	27	Tue	08/07/08	0.111	0.074	0.185	1.11

This section displays actual (not average) trip rates for each of the survey days in the selected set, and ranks them in order of relative trip rate intensity, for a given time period (or peak period irrespective of time) selected by the user. The count type and direction are both displayed just above the table, along with the rows within the table representing the 85th and 15th percentile trip rate figures (highlighted in bold within the table itself).

The table itself displays details of each individual survey, alongside arrivals, departures and totals trip rates, sorted by whichever of the three directional options has been chosen by the user. As with the preceeding trip rate calculation results table, the trip rates shown are per the calculation factor (e.g. per 100m2 GFA, per employee, per hectare, etc). Note that if the peak period option has been selected (as opposed to a specific chosen time period), the peak period for each individual survey day in the table is also displayed.

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This graph is a visual representation of the correlation between the selected trip rate calculation parameter and the rank order trip rates generated by each individual survey day in the selected set. The range of the trip rate parameter is shown along the x axis, with the level of trips shown on the y axis. The selected time range used to create the rank order list from which the graph is derived is displayed at the top of the graph (unless the peak period irrespective of time range has been selected). A line of best fit is sometimes displayed in the graph, should it be selected for inclusion by the user.

ttinghamshire County Council Fox Road West Bridgford, Nottingham

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED **MULTI-MODAL VEHICLES Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

	ARRIVALS			DEPARTURES			TOTALS		
	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip
Time Range	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	16	66	0.037	16	66	0.143	16	66	0.180
08:00 - 09:00	16	66	0.072	16	66	0.245	16	66	0.317
09:00 - 10:00	16	66	0.072	16	66	0.097	16	66	0.169
10:00 - 11:00	16	66	0.092	16	66	0.103	16	66	0.195
11:00 - 12:00	16	66	0.085	16	66	0.088	16	66	0.173
12:00 - 13:00	16	66	0.099	16	66	0.098	16	66	0.197
13:00 - 14:00	16	66	0.104	16	66	0.112	16	66	0.216
14:00 - 15:00	16	66	0.103	16	66	0.109	16	66	0.212
15:00 - 16:00	16	66	0.114	16	66	0.086	16	66	0.200
16:00 - 17:00	16	66	0.127	16	66	0.095	16	66	0.222
17:00 - 18:00	16	66	0.237	16	66	0.120	16	66	0.357
18:00 - 19:00	16	66	0.177	16	66	0.107	16	66	0.284
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			1.319			1.403			2.722

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	27 - 140 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/07 - 18/12/14
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	16
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	1

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED MULTI-MODAL TAXIS Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

	ARRIVALS			[DEPARTURES	5	TOTALS		
	No.	Ave.	Trip	No. Ave. Trip			No.	Ave.	Trip
Time Range	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.006
08:00 - 09:00	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.006
09:00 - 10:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.004
10:00 - 11:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.002
11:00 - 12:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.004
12:00 - 13:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.004
13:00 - 14:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.004
14:00 - 15:00	16	66	0.005	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.009
15:00 - 16:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.003
16:00 - 17:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.003
17:00 - 18:00	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.008
18:00 - 19:00	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.007
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates: 0.030						0.030			0.060

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	27 - 140 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/07 - 18/12/14
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	16
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	1

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED MULTI-MODAL OGVS Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

	ARRIVALS			[DEPARTURES	5	TOTALS		
	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip
Time Range	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.001
08:00 - 09:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.004
09:00 - 10:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.004
11:00 - 12:00	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.007
12:00 - 13:00	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.007
13:00 - 14:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.004
14:00 - 15:00	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.004
15:00 - 16:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.003
16:00 - 17:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.004
17:00 - 18:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
18:00 - 19:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.001
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.020			0.019			0.039

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	27 - 140 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/07 - 18/12/14
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	16
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	1

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED MULTI-MODAL PSVS Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

	ARRIVALS			[DEPARTURES	5	TOTALS		
	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip
Time Range	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
08:00 - 09:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
09:00 - 10:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
10:00 - 11:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
11:00 - 12:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
12:00 - 13:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
13:00 - 14:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
14:00 - 15:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
15:00 - 16:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
16:00 - 17:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
17:00 - 18:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.002
18:00 - 19:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.000
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.001			0.001		·	0.002

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	27 - 140 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/07 - 18/12/14
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	16
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	1

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED MULTI-MODAL CYCLISTS Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

	ARRIVALS		DEPARTURES			TOTALS			
	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip
Time Range	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.007	16	66	0.010
08:00 - 09:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.007	16	66	0.009
09:00 - 10:00	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.005	16	66	0.009
10:00 - 11:00	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.006	16	66	0.009
11:00 - 12:00	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.006	16	66	0.010
12:00 - 13:00	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.005	16	66	0.009
13:00 - 14:00	16	66	0.005	16	66	0.007	16	66	0.012
14:00 - 15:00	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.006	16	66	0.010
15:00 - 16:00	16	66	0.008	16	66	0.005	16	66	0.013
16:00 - 17:00	16	66	0.008	16	66	0.006	16	66	0.014
17:00 - 18:00	16	66	0.005	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.008
18:00 - 19:00	16	66	0.007	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.007
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.057			0.063			0.120

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	27 - 140 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/07 - 18/12/14
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	16
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	1

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED MULTI-MODAL VEHICLE OCCUPANTS Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

	ARRIVALS		DEPARTURES			TOTALS			
	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip
Time Range	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	16	66	0.044	16	66	0.173	16	66	0.217
08:00 - 09:00	16	66	0.081	16	66	0.321	16	66	0.402
09:00 - 10:00	16	66	0.086	16	66	0.127	16	66	0.213
10:00 - 11:00	16	66	0.125	16	66	0.138	16	66	0.263
11:00 - 12:00	16	66	0.110	16	66	0.121	16	66	0.231
12:00 - 13:00	16	66	0.129	16	66	0.131	16	66	0.260
13:00 - 14:00	16	66	0.135	16	66	0.144	16	66	0.279
14:00 - 15:00	16	66	0.116	16	66	0.151	16	66	0.267
15:00 - 16:00	16	66	0.181	16	66	0.121	16	66	0.302
16:00 - 17:00	16	66	0.169	16	66	0.119	16	66	0.288
17:00 - 18:00	16	66	0.292	16	66	0.160	16	66	0.452
18:00 - 19:00	16	66	0.223	16	66	0.147	16	66	0.370
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			1.691			1.853			3.544

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	27 - 140 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/07 - 18/12/14
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	16
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	1

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED MULTI-MODAL PEDESTRIANS Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

	ARRIVALS		DEPARTURES			TOTALS			
	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip
Time Range	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	16	66	0.014	16	66	0.061	16	66	0.075
08:00 - 09:00	16	66	0.024	16	66	0.088	16	66	0.112
09:00 - 10:00	16	66	0.027	16	66	0.060	16	66	0.087
10:00 - 11:00	16	66	0.043	16	66	0.047	16	66	0.090
11:00 - 12:00	16	66	0.041	16	66	0.058	16	66	0.099
12:00 - 13:00	16	66	0.058	16	66	0.068	16	66	0.126
13:00 - 14:00	16	66	0.047	16	66	0.038	16	66	0.085
14:00 - 15:00	16	66	0.040	16	66	0.049	16	66	0.089
15:00 - 16:00	16	66	0.066	16	66	0.042	16	66	0.108
16:00 - 17:00	16	66	0.085	16	66	0.049	16	66	0.134
17:00 - 18:00	16	66	0.098	16	66	0.050	16	66	0.148
18:00 - 19:00	16	66	0.068	16	66	0.042	16	66	0.110
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:	0.611 0.652								1.263

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	27 - 140 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/07 - 18/12/14
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	16
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	1

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED MULTI-MODAL BUS/TRAM PASSENGERS Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

	ARRIVALS		DEPARTURES			TOTALS			
	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip
Time Range	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.016	16	66	0.017
08:00 - 09:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.029	16	66	0.030
09:00 - 10:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.006	16	66	0.007
10:00 - 11:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.004
11:00 - 12:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.003
12:00 - 13:00	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.007
13:00 - 14:00	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.006
14:00 - 15:00	16	66	0.005	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.006
15:00 - 16:00	16	66	0.009	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.011
16:00 - 17:00	16	66	0.018	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.021
17:00 - 18:00	16	66	0.017	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.017
18:00 - 19:00	16	66	0.005	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.006
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.065			0.070			0.135

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	27 - 140 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/07 - 18/12/14
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	16
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	1

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED MULTI-MODAL TOTAL RAIL PASSENGERS Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

	ARRIVALS		DEPARTURES			TOTALS			
	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip
Time Range	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.021	16	66	0.021
08:00 - 09:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.031	16	66	0.033
09:00 - 10:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.007	16	66	0.007
10:00 - 11:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.005	16	66	0.007
11:00 - 12:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.002
12:00 - 13:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.003
13:00 - 14:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.005	16	66	0.006
14:00 - 15:00	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.001
15:00 - 16:00	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.004
16:00 - 17:00	16	66	0.009	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.010
17:00 - 18:00	16	66	0.010	16	66	0.000	16	66	0.010
18:00 - 19:00	16	66	0.018	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.019
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.048			0.075			0.123

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	27 - 140 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/07 - 18/12/14
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	16
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	1

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED MULTI-MODAL PUBLIC TRANSPORT USERS Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period

	ARRIVALS		DEPARTURES			TOTALS			
	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave.	Trip
Time Range	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate
00:00 - 01:00									
01:00 - 02:00									
02:00 - 03:00									
03:00 - 04:00									
04:00 - 05:00									
05:00 - 06:00									
06:00 - 07:00									
07:00 - 08:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.037	16	66	0.038
08:00 - 09:00	16	66	0.003	16	66	0.060	16	66	0.063
09:00 - 10:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.012	16	66	0.013
10:00 - 11:00	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.009	16	66	0.011
11:00 - 12:00	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.005
12:00 - 13:00	16	66	0.006	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.010
13:00 - 14:00	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.008	16	66	0.012
14:00 - 15:00	16	66	0.005	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.007
15:00 - 16:00	16	66	0.012	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.014
16:00 - 17:00	16	66	0.027	16	66	0.004	16	66	0.031
17:00 - 18:00	16	66	0.030	16	66	0.001	16	66	0.031
18:00 - 19:00	16	66	0.023	16	66	0.002	16	66	0.025
19:00 - 20:00									
20:00 - 21:00									
21:00 - 22:00									
22:00 - 23:00									
23:00 - 24:00									
Total Rates:			0.115			0.145			0.260

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	27 - 140 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/07 - 18/12/14
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	16
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	1

TRIP RATE for Land Use 03 - RESIDENTIAL/C - FLATS PRIVATELY OWNED **MULTI-MODAL TOTAL PEOPLE Calculation factor: 1 DWELLS BOLD print indicates peak (busiest) period**

		ARRIVALS		[DEPARTURES	5	TOTALS				
	No.	Ave.	Trip	No.	Ave. Trip		No.	Ave.	Trip		
Time Range	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate	Days	DWELLS	Rate		
00:00 - 01:00											
01:00 - 02:00											
02:00 - 03:00											
03:00 - 04:00											
04:00 - 05:00											
05:00 - 06:00											
06:00 - 07:00											
07:00 - 08:00	16	66	0.062	16	66	0.278	16	66	0.340		
08:00 - 09:00	16	66	0.109	16	66	0.476	16	66	0.585		
09:00 - 10:00	16	66	0.117	16	66	0.204	16	66	0.321		
10:00 - 11:00	16	66	0.172	16	66	0.199	16	66	0.371		
11:00 - 12:00	16	66	0.156	16	66	0.188	16	66	0.344		
12:00 - 13:00	16	66	0.197	16	66	0.207	16 66		0.404		
13:00 - 14:00	16	66	0.190	16	66	0.196	16	66	0.386		
14:00 - 15:00	16	66	0.165	16	66	0.207	16	66	0.372		
15:00 - 16:00	16	66	0.266	16	66	0.169	16	66	0.435		
16:00 - 17:00	16	66	0.288	16	66	0.177	16	66	0.465		
17:00 - 18:00	16	66	0.425	16	66	0.214	16	66	0.639		
18:00 - 19:00	16	66	0.320	16	66	0.190	16	66	0.510		
19:00 - 20:00											
20:00 - 21:00											
21:00 - 22:00											
22:00 - 23:00											
23:00 - 24:00											
Total Rates:			2.467			2.705			5.172		

This section displays the trip rate results based on the selected set of surveys and the selected count type (shown just above the table). It is split by three main columns, representing arrivals trips, departures trips, and total trips (arrivals plus departures). Within each of these main columns are three sub-columns. These display the number of survey days where count data is included (per time period), the average value of the selected trip rate calculation parameter (per time period), and the trip rate result (per time period). Total trip rates (the sum of the column) are also displayed at the foot of the table.

To obtain a trip rate, the average (mean) trip rate parameter value (TRP) is first calculated for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. The average (mean) number of arrivals, departures or totals (whichever applies) is also calculated (COUNT) for all selected survey days that have count data available for the stated time period. Then, the average count is divided by the average trip rate parameter value, and multiplied by the stated calculation factor (shown just above the table and abbreviated here as FACT). So, the method is: COUNT/TRP*FACT. Trip rates are then rounded to 3 decimal places.

Parameter summary

Trip rate parameter range selected:	27 - 140 (units:)
Survey date date range:	01/01/07 - 18/12/14
Number of weekdays (Monday-Friday):	16
Number of Saturdays:	0
Number of Sundays:	0
Surveys manually removed from selection:	1

Appendix G: Gravity Model



GRAVITY MODEL														
			Travel Time (minutes)				P/T ²				Distribution			
			A	AM PM		м	AM		PM		AM		PM	
Ward	Population	Route	Arr	Dept	Arr	Dept	Arr	Dept	Arr	Dept	Arr	Dept	Arr	Dept
Allerton and Hunts Cross	14,665	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	31.00	31.00	28.50	32.00	15.3	15.3	18.1	14.3	0.8%	0.9%	1.0%	0.8%
Anfield	14,124	Limekiln Lane (north)	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	141.2	141.2	141.2	141.2	7.9%	7.9%	7.7%	8.1%
Belle Vale	14,959	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	37.00	29.00	31.00	31.00	10.9	17.8	15.6	15.6	0.6%	1.0%	0.8%	0.9%
Central	22,853	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	11.50	14.00	12.00	11.50	172.8	116.6	158.7	172.8	9.6%	6.5%	8.6%	10.0%
Childwall	13,851	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	33.00	28.00	30.00	24.00	12.7	17.7	15.4	24.0	0.7%	1.0%	0.8%	1.4%
Church	13,970	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	33.50	27.50	31.00	30.00	12.4	18.5	14.5	15.5	0.7%	1.0%	0.8%	0.9%
Clubmoor	15,108	Limekiln Lane (north)	16.00	15.00	16.00	16.00	59.0	67.1	59.0	59.0	3.3%	3.8%	3.2%	3.4%
County	13,985	Titchfield Street, Burlington Street, A5039 North	12.00	13.00	12.00	15.00	97.1	82.8	97.1	62.2	5.4%	4.6%	5.3%	3.6%
Cressington	14,704	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	28.50	32.00	27.50	27.50	18.1	14.4	19.4	19.4	1.0%	0.8%	1.1%	1.1%
Croxteth	14,405	Limekiln Lane (north)	23.00	21.00	21.00	23.00	27.2	32.7	32.7	27.2	1.5%	1.8%	1.8%	1.6%
Everton	15,010	Limekiln Lane (north)	8.50	10.50	8.50	10.50	207.8	136.1	207.8	136.1	11.6%	7.6%	11.3%	7.9%
Fazakerley	16,498	Titchfield Street, Burlington Street, A5039 North	22.00	20.00	21.00	23.00	34.1	41.2	37.4	31.2	1.9%	2.3%	2.0%	1.8%
Greenbank	16,645	Titchfield Street, Burlington Street, A5039 North	14.00	17.00	16.00	14.00	84.9	57.6	65.0	84.9	4.7%	3.2%	3.5%	4.9%
Kensington and Fairfield	15,931	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	16.00	14.00	16.00	14.00	62.2	81.3	62.2	81.3	3.5%	4.5%	3.4%	4.7%
Kirkdale	16,136	Limekiln Lane (north)	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	329.3	329.3	329.3	329.3	18.3%	18.4%	17.9%	19.0%
Knotty Ash	13,133	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	32.50	24.00	30.00	24.00	12.4	22.8	14.6	22.8	0.7%	1.3%	0.8%	1.3%
Mossley Hill	13,145	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	27.50	24.00	28.50	26.00	17.4	22.8	16.2	19.4	1.0%	1.3%	0.9%	1.1%
Norris Green	15,462	Limekiln Lane (north)	19.00	20.00	18.00	20.00	42.8	38.7	47.7	38.7	2.4%	2.2%	2.6%	2.2%
Old Swan	16,342	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	26.50	19.00	22.00	23.00	23.3	45.3	33.8	30.9	1.3%	2.5%	1.8%	1.8%
Picton	17,579	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	23.00	19.00	21.00	22.00	33.2	48.7	39.9	36.3	1.8%	2.7%	2.2%	2.1%
Princes Park	17,894	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	17.00	17.00	17.00	17.00	61.9	61.9	61.9	61.9	3.4%	3.5%	3.4%	3.6%
Riverside	19,152	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	15.00	13.00	15.00	14.00	85.1	113.3	85.1	97.7	4.7%	6.3%	4.6%	5.6%
St Michael's	12,808	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	21.00	23.00	21.00	23.00	29.0	24.2	29.0	24.2	1.6%	1.4%	1.6%	1.4%
Speke-Garston	20,520	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	36.50	36.50	36.50	36.50	15.4	15.4	15.4	15.4	0.9%	0.9%	0.8%	0.9%
Tuebrook and Stoneycroft	16,672	Limekiln Lane (north)	20.00	16.00	18.00	19.00	41.7	65.1	51.5	46.2	2.3%	3.6%	2.8%	2.7%
Warbreck	16,478	Titchfield Street, Burlington Street, A5039 North	18.00	16.00	16.00	20.00	50.9	64.4	64.4	41.2	2.8%	3.6%	3.5%	2.4%
Wavertree	14,854	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	19.00	21.00	21.00	22.00	41.1	33.7	33.7	30.7	2.3%	1.9%	1.8%	1.8%
West Derby	14,286	Limekiln Lane (north)	22.00	21.00	20.00	23.00	29.5	32.4	35.7	27.0	1.6%	1.8%	1.9%	1.6%
Woolton	12,965	Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	38.00	32.00	34.50	34.50	9.0	12.7	10.9	10.9	0.5%	0.7%	0.6%	0.6%
Yew Tree	16,646	Titchfield Street, Burlington Street, A5039 North	28.50	29.50	27.50	32.00	20.5	19.1	22.0	16.3	1.1%	1.1%	1.2%	0.9%
							1798.465	1789.973	1835.180	1733.766	100%	100%	100%	100%

AM - arrivals = arrive by 9am AM - departures = arrive by 9am PM - arrivals = leave by 17:00 PM - depatures = leave by 17:00

Average values have been adopted. (Journey time data taken from Google Analytics) (Route data taken from Google Analytics)

SUMMARY

	Distribution						
Bouto	A	М	PM				
Koule	Arr Dept Arr		Arr	Dept			
Titchfield Street, Burlington Street, A5039 North	16.0%	14.8%	15.6%	13.6%			
Limekiln Lane (north)	48.9%	47.1%	49.3%	46.4%			
Titchfield Street, Eldon Street, A5038 South	35.2%	38.1%	35.1%	40.0%			
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%			

Appendix H: Distribution Diagram







Appendix I: Assignment Diagram









Appendix J: Improvement Measure Locations



VC0037 – ELDON GROVE

