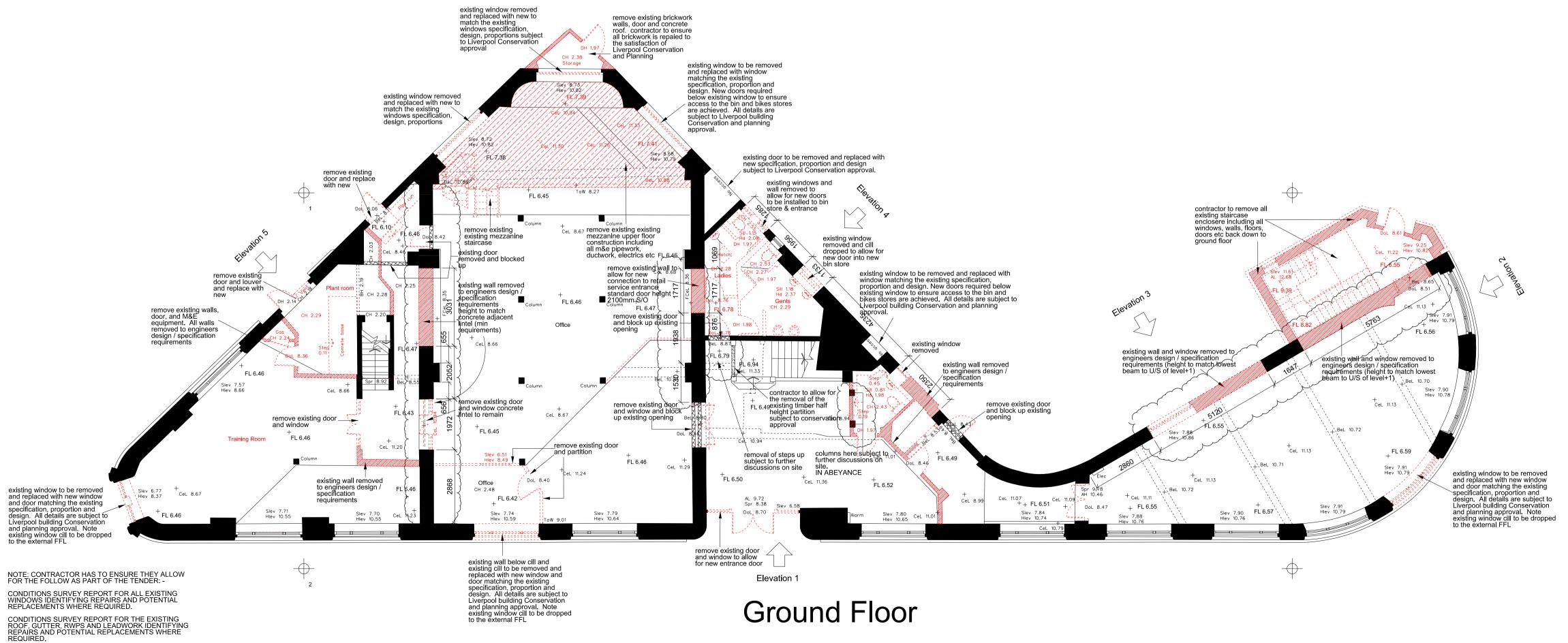


ground floor extract for slab removal and replacement

CONDITIONS SURVEY REPORT FOR THE EXISTING BRICKWORK IDENTIFYING REPAIRS AND POTENTIAL REPLACEMENTS WHERE REQUIRED.

Mezzanine



FALCONER CHESTER HALL



existing walls retained

existing partition walls demolised require screed fill to

existing doors to be removed

existing solid walls to be removed. Check with engineer for all structural supports required together

engineer for all structural supports required together with the inclusion of tempoary propping as required existing windows to be removed where noted on the

window schedule. note existing external windows are listed and will require permission from Liverpool Planning prior to removal

all existing wall boards / notice boards to be removed

all tiling to be removed

all floor finshes to be removed

all ceilings to be removed

all internal doors to be removed

all lighting to be removed

all m&e eqipment to be removed

all internal pipework to be removed

EXISTING BRICK CLEANING

trick in the hands of a skilled operative.

all internal rwp's to be removed and replaced with new where required

all sanitary equipment to be removed

Contractor to remove all redundent mordern plastic pipework to the external elevations. Note removing all redundent pipework has to be dicussed with Liverpool Conservation prior to any removal.

Contractor to allow for repars to all existing listed cast iron pipework. Where pipework can not be repaired cantractor will have to replace to the existing specification. Note all repars and replacements are subject to the approval of Liverpool Conservation

Contractor to allow for cleaning all brickwork to all existing elevations.

Cleaning of the brickwork should be non-abrasive in the first instance. A DOFF or Therma-Tec system would probably do the

Stubborn grime may be shifted with a TORC system if the above does not do achieve a decent result.

Chemical cleaning on pressed red brick is not acceptable and should be avoided. This rules out acid, paint strippers or de-greasing agents unless strictly specified and approved in limited areas where absolutely necessary.

FCH suggest preparing a trial clean of 1m square of an inconspicuous area of brickwork using the DOFF system and reviewing this with the conservation officer as part of the discharge of conditions application. Depending on the outcome of the cleaning trial and agreement with LPA a method can be obtained.

REPOINTING

Investigation and Assessment

Following the establishment of safe access, the brickwork and mortar joints will be inspected. The condition at high level and at stacks is anticipated to be worse than lower down due to the high degree of exposure, leading to water, frost and vegetation damage. The assessment of the mortar will be primarily visual but may be supplemented by disaggregation analysis if felt appropriate. The primary purpose of the assessment is as follows:

To check whether inappropriate (cement based) repointing has been carried out in the past

To check the condition, depth and joint profile of the mortar, and the condition of the brickwork arrises.

To check the ease of removing the mortar, using hand tools such as a flat bladed quirk and 2kg masons hammer. The possibility of using a small grinding disc will be considered on wider dense joints, to form a central slot into which the mortar can be collapsed using a hand chisel. Very loose material will be assessed for removal by raking out using a bent spike or similar.

Cutting and Raking Out

Following the assessment described above, the joints will be cut or raked out, to an anticipated depth of 25mm to 38mm (max). The mortar will be taken back to a square face and the joint cleaned out using a mains pressure hose as work proceeds. Care will be taken to avoid damage to the masonry arrises, and any bricks that have been severely damaged by frost, water etc. will be removed and a matching reclaimed brick will be let-in using a bedding mortar mix of 1 part natural hydraulic lime (NHL 3.5) and 2 parts well-graded sand.

Repointing

Repointing will be carried out following approval of a 0.5m² sample panel by the local authority conservation officer. Although the pointing-mortar mix will be finalised following consultation with the local authority, it is anticipated that the mix will be:

1 part natural hydraulic lime (probably NHL 3.5, possibly NHL2).

3 parts well graded aggregate (predominantly washed building sand of appropriate colour with the inclusion of Mersey grit or similar)

For high level repointing works, e.g. to chimneys and parapet copings where resistance to freezing and thawing actions is desirable, the suggested mix will be:

1 part natural hydraulic lime (NHL 5) 3 or 2½ parts well graded aggregate (predominantly washed building sand of appropriate colour with the inclusion of Mersey grit or similar).

A mix of 1 part natural hydraulic lime (NHL3.5) to 2 parts of well graded aggregate (predominantly washed building sand of appropriate colour with the inclusion of Mersey grit or similar) is also acceptable for copings and cappings.

All joints will be pre-wetted prior to repointing. Mortar will be packed firmly into the back of the joint using a pointing key of appropriate width for the joints. The joint will be packed and built-up until full. A trowel is not to be used for filling the joints. Because a hydraulic mortar is being used, the joint is to be finished flush as work proceeds (i.e. joint profile: flush). A small pointing trowel will be used to trim away any surplus mortar and to expose the arrises of the brickwork.

The joint faces can then be 'hammered' using a stiff brush to compact the face and slightly expose the aggregate.

FOR CONSTRUCTION

rev a slf 04.11.15 drawing updated
- following meeting held on site 29.10.2015

Project Title
Chancery House, Liverpool

Drawing Title
Proposed demolition Plans - Sheet 1 of 4

Client
Chancery House (Liverpool) LLP

Chancery House (Liverpool) LLP

Drawn By Date Project No.
slf 06.10.15 P13-063

Scale Drawing No.

1:100 @ A1

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